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# NURSERY CATALOG





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#### **EVERGREENS**

For Wonderful effect both winter and summer, the evergreen has no superior. Surange of color, form, and habit of growth, they find a place in almost any landscap ith their ral times transplanted, dug with a ball of earth, ar

	ADIEC	EID
	ABIES -	
BALSAM FIR	(Abies 1	Balsames). Regular and thrives in moist soils of the most beautiful attractive the year
and cool cl	imates. One	of the most beautiful
evergreens	grown and	attractive the year
mrough,		
		\$
3-4 ft		\$
ARRO	R-VITAF	— THUJA
AMERICAN A	KBORVITAE	(Thuja occidentalis). It ne bottom and tapering age is flat, arranged in een, pungent scale-like location but will stand
toward the	top. The folio	age is flat, arranged in
sprays of le	acy dark gre	en, pungent scale-like
some shade	kes a sunny	location but will stand
		\$
1½ to 2	ft.	\$
2 to 3		\$
3 to 4		\$
4 to 5		\$
BERKMAN GO	LDEN ARBOI	RVITAE (T. Orentalis— ry dwarf, compact and perfect gem for small ots or brightening up
symmetrical	habit a r	erfect gem for small
gardens or	cemetery lo	ots or brightening up
Toundation	plantings.	
		\$
		\$
1½ to 2	ft	\$
CHINESE COL	ADACTA (T	Oniontalia Communital
Dwarf dense	e little tree w	Orientalis Compacta).
neat and c	ittractive.	
15 to 18	in	\$
		\$
		\$
3 to 4	ft	\$
CLOPE ADDO	DIVITAT (TI	0 11 11 011
Usually dev	elopes into o	Occidentalis Globosa).
plant the s	preading equ	ualing the height. The
foliage is o	f light green	perfect, globe shaped ualing the height. The and attractive. These at line planting and in
formal work	used for from	it time planting and in
		\$
		\$
2 to 21/2	ft,	\$
GOLD SPIRE	ARBORVITA	E (T. Orentalis Aurea
Conspicua).	One of the r	E (T. Orentalis Aurea nost conspicuous of the itaes.
golden pyra	midal arbory	raes.
		\$
		\$
4 to 5 ft		<b>&gt;</b>
DVDALLDAL	ADDODVITA	E (T Ossidantalia)
Strikingly	ittractive. sp	reading very little at its shape without shear-ich green. Like all Artransplant. For corners and of group planting, uite so popular.
the base an	d retaining it	s shape without shear-
ing. The co	lor is deep r	transplant For corners
from pillars	or backgrou	and of group planting.
no dwarf ev	vergreen is q	uite so popular.
15 to 18 in		<b>&gt;</b>
		\$
		\$
		\$
4 to 5 ft.		\$
SIBERIAN AF	REORVITAE	(T. Accidentalis Waramidal with rich, deep hardy.
rena). Rugg	ed, Broad Py	ramidal with rich, deep
		\$
10 to 27 In.		¢

3 to 4 ft.\_\_\_\_

4 to 5 ft.\_\_\_

F	r AUREA NA vitae). Dwart	NA GLOBOSA (Dr globe form of A r planting and u	varf Golden urea Nana.
Excene	ent for borde	r planting and u	ns.
		\$	
		\$ \$	
B. or BC Globule	ONITA (Dwa ar specimen	rf Green Globe z with rich deep gr	Arborvitae). een foliage.
		\$	
		\$\$	
B. BONI newer Chines	TA UPRIGH types of C e Arbor-Vita	T.—One of the bompact Pyramida e. Makes a dark sical to the Bonita	pest of the large
habit.	nowin, ident	ical to the bonne	except in
15 to	18 in	\$	
		\$	
2 to	3 ft	\$	
	CHAMA	ECYPARIS-	_
		AS AND C	
DWARF	HINOKI CY	RESS (C. Obt d compact of all t e rock garden or	usa Nana).
very u	useful in th	e rock garden or	tubs. The
Tollage	e is rich gr	een. Assumes an	interesting
12-15	appearance.	<u></u>	
15-18		\$ \$	
18-24			
2-3	ft		
11/2-2	ft	foliage is of a li th yellow in the e	
2-3	ft	<del>-</del>	
2-3		\$\$	
2-3 3-4 4-5	ft	RESS (C. Pisifer	a Plumosa
2-3 3-4 4-5 <b>GOLD P</b> <i>Aurea</i> ) the yo	ft LUMED CYI ). Similar to ung foliage	PRESS (C. Pisifer the preceding coins golden in the e	ra Plumosa except that arly spring.
2-3 3-4 4-5 <b>GOLD P</b> Aurea, the yo	LUMED CYI D. Similar to ung foliage 2 ft	PRESS (C. Pisifer the preceding control in the expectation of the expectation).	ra Plumosa except that arly spring.
2-3 3-4 4-5 <b>GOLD P</b> <i>Aurea</i> , the you 1 ½ to 2 to 2	LUMED CYI  D. Similar to ung foliage 2 ft  3 ft	PRESS (C. Pisifer the preceding control is golden in the e	ra Plumosa except that arly spring.
2-3 3-4 4-5 <b>GOLD P</b> <i>Aurea</i> the young the young to 2 to 3 to 3	LUMED CY!  D. Similar to ung foliage  2 ft.  3 ft.  4 ft.	PRESS (C. Pisifer the preceding control of the	ra Plumosa except that arly spring.
2-3 3-4 4-5 GOLD P Aurea, the young to 11/2 to 2 to 3 to 4 to	LUMED CY!  D. Similar to the similar	PRESS (C. Pisifer to the preceding exists golden in the exists shown in the exists sha	ra Plumosa except that arly spring.
2-3 3-4 4-5  GOLD P Aurea the yo 11/2 to 2 to 3 to 4 to  C. LAWS midal hue.	LUMED CY:  O. Similar to ung foliage of 2 ft.  O. 4 ft.  O. 5 ft.  CONIANA GI shape with	PRESS (C. Pisifer of the preceding of its golden in the end of the	a Plumosa except that arly spring.
2-3 3-4 4-5 GOLD P Aurea, the yo 1½ to 2 to 3 to 4 to C. LAWS midal hue. 12-15	LUMED CY:  O. Similar to ung foliage of 2 ft.  A ft.  O ft.  CONIANA GI shape with in.	PRESS (C. Pisifer the preceding of the p	a Plumosa except that arly spring.  some pyra- h, metallic
2-3 3-4 4-5  GOLD P Aurea the yo 11/2 to 2 to 3 to 4 to  C. LAWS midal hue.	LUMED CY:  J. Similar to ung foliage 2 ft	PRESS (C. Pisifer of the preceding existence is golden in the existence is	a Plumosa except that arly spring.
2-3 3-4 4-5 GOLD P Aurea, the yo 1½ to 2 to 3 to 4 to C. LAWS midal hue. 12-15 15-18	tt	PRESS (C. Pisifer to the preceding exists of the prece	a Plumosa except that arly spring.
2-3 3-4 4-5  GOLD P Aurea, the yo 11/2 to 2 to 3 to 4 to  C. LAWS midal hue. 12-15 15-18 18-24 2-3  PLUME F Light sheare used e or as e	tt	RESS (C. Pisifer of the preceding existence is golden in the foundation of the found	a Plumosa some pyrash, metallic r Plumosa). The result of the house
2-3 3-4 4-5  GOLD P Aurea, the yo 11/2 to 2 to 3 to 4 to  C. LAWS midal hue. 12-15 15-18 18-24 2-3  PLUME F Light sheare used e or as a 18-24	th	PRESS (C. Pisifer of the preceding existence is golden in the foundation of the foundation of men.	a Plumosa except that arly spring.  some pyrash, metallic  a Plumosa).  nery. When lich can be f the house
2-3 3-4 4-5  GOLD P Aurea, the yo 11/2 to 2 to 3 to 4 to  C. LAWS midal hue. 12-15 15-18 18-24 2-3  PLUME F Light sheare used e or as a 18-24 24-30	th	PRESS (C. Pisifer of the preceding existence of	some pyra- sh, metallic  a Plumosa).  a Plumosa).  hery. When ich can be f the house
2-3 3-4 4-5  GOLD P Aurea, the yo 1½ to 2 to 3 to 4 to  C. LAWS midal hue. 12-15 15-18 18-24 2-3  PLUME F Light sheare used e or as of 18-24 24-30 30-36	tt	PRESS (C. Pisifer to the preceding of the preceding of is golden in the end of the preceding of the precedin	some pyrash, metallic
2-3 3-4 4-5  GOLD P Aurea, the yo 11/2 to 2 to 3 to 4 to  C. LAWS midal hue. 12-15 15-18 18-24 2-3  PLUME F Light sheare used e or as a 18-24 24-30	th	PRESS (C. Pisifer of the preceding existence of	some pyra- sh, metallic  a Plumosa). in the house

ucceeding in almost any soil, with their pe plan. Our trees are all several times
THREAD RETINOSPORA (C. Pisifera Filifera Aurea). Golden type foliage as above.  Prices for both of the above  15-18 in
HEMLOCK — TSUGA
This grand tree has more uses than any Evergreen we sell. Will tolerate both sun and shade, good color winter and summer, and is graceful. We have one of the finest stocks in this area. When in doubt plant a Hemlock.
Few trees are better adapted to foundation planting than the Hemlock. Can be shaped into columnar, pyramidal or globular forms.
HEDGE
While a great many plants have been used from time to time in making hedges, there is none for all-round purposes which is superior to the Hemlock. Should be planted 3 feet apart or more, depending on size.
SCREEN  If given good soil and ample moisture, a screen of Hemlock will soon delight the most fastidious.
As a specimen, many consider Hemlock our hand- somest Evergreen. Small or large they are beautiful the pendulous twigs drooping from the rather horizontal branches give a form which is dignified yet graceful.
CANADIAN HEMLOCK (Tsuga Canadensis). We consider the Hemlock one of the best of all evergreens. Grows rapidly. Can be pruned often and severely. While the Hemlock prefers a good rich soil, with moisture, it will grow almost anywhere. Its sweeping branches are graceful and when sheared becomes rather compact. Always retains its rich green color, summer or winter.  12 to 15 in. \$ 15 to 18 in. \$ 2 to 2½ ft. \$ 2½ to 3 ft. \$ 3 to 3½ ft. \$ 3½ to 4 ft. \$ 4½ to 5 ft. \$  All of our stock will be freehly due when
All of our stock will be freshly dug when ordered. Do not confuse our high quality fresh plants with those often sold by Stores and Ped- dlers. There is no substitute for good plantings.

. . Your planting should reflect beauty and color. We are your assurance for quality at reasonable cost. Free estimates.

. . Special prices will be made on larger sizes on request, and also on other varieties of evergreens that are not listed herein.

#### JUNIPER — JUNIPERUS

4	ANDORR	A JUN	IPER	(Juni	perus	Commu	nis De-
	pressa	Plumos	a). Co	mpgg	ct, plur	med, sp	readina.
	More	prostrate	growe	er the	an the	Pfitzer.	During
	winter	foliage	turns	to a	beautit	ful light	purple.
							Fach

12	to	15	in\$
18	to	24	in\$
2	to	3	ft\$

Each

SILVER HILL JUNIPER (Scopullorum Horizon-talia). Compact, symmetrical and of bright bluish color. Pyramidal.

#### JUNIPER — JUNIPERUS (Continued)

JUNIPER — JUNIPERUS (Continued)	GOLDEN PFITZER JUNIPER (J. Chinensis Pfitzeriana Aurea). Regular spreading form. The foliage comes out a clear conary yellow with many of the new stems yellowish. It loses some	SILVER HILL JUNIPER (Scopullorum Horizon talia). Compact, symmetrical and of brigh bluish color. Pyramidal.
BLUE COAST JUNIPER (Juniperus Virginiana horizontalis glauca). Semi-upright spreading	of it's bright color during the summer, and dur- ing the winter it is nearly green. This tree is a strong robust grower, adding an interesting	2 to 3 ft\$\$
habit, These have a bright bluish color with very stiff branches and thick rugged foliage.	note of color among other trees.	4 to 5 ft\$
Each	12 to 15 in. spread\$	STRICTA JUNIPER (J. Excelsa Stricta). An un usually attractive, dwarf conical tree with
12 to 15 in\$	15 to 18 in. spread\$	compact bluish green foliage. Very pleasing wherever used.
2 to 3 ft\$	HILL'S DUNDEE JUNIPER (J. Virginiana Hilli).	1 to 1½ ft\$
<b>BLUE JUNIPER</b> (J. Virginiana Glauca). One of the best trees offered today. It grows pyramidal	A pyramidal, compact growing evergreen of	1½ to 2 ft\$
but has graceful spreading branches if left untrimmed. When sheared a perfect column	much merit. Bluish green foliage in spring, changing to plum-like color in early autumn. Stands shearing well. Excellent for formal plant-	2 to 21/2 ft\$\$  VONEHRON JUNIPER (J. Sabina Vonehron). Vas
may be had, in color a light silvery blue and a distinct contrast to any other of the group.	ing.	shaped, producing numerous branches, which
Each	2 to 3 ft\$	are well clothed with dark green whipcord foliage. It grows rapidly. Can be made globu
2 to 3 ft\$\$	3 to 4½ ft\$	lar by trimming.
4 to 5 ft\$	4 to 5 ft\$	15 to 18 in\$
BURK'S SILVER JUNIPER (J. Virginiana Burki).	KETTLERI JUNIPER (J. Virginiana Kettleri). A	18 to 24 in\$\$
A silvery blue, compact, upright form of merit.  Stands shearing well and is much prized for	rather formal light green variety which stands shearing well. Pyramidal. An outstanding ever-	WAUKEGAN JUNIPER A prostrate Juniper
foundation planting.	green will grow well in Sun or Shade. Slate blue Berries nestle amid its dense deep green foliage	light green in color and especially good fo borders and banks.
2 to 3 ft\$ 3 to 4 ft\$	that is compact right down to its broad base.	1½ to 2 ft. spread\$ 2 to 2½ ft. spread\$
4 to 5 ft\$	2 to 3 ft\$	2 10 2 /2 11. spredd
CANNART'S JUNIPER (J. Virginiana Cannarti).	3 to 4 ft\$\$	JAPANESE YEW — TAXUS
A fine pyramidal, compact growing evergreen with wonderful winter color, and the best of	100	The almost disease proof Evergreen No family
its type. It is perfectly hardy and never suffers winter burn, common to some other junipers.	MEYER JUNIPER (J. Squamata Meyeri). Attractive form of irregular habit, with short straight	of evergreens has gained such popularity in recent years as the Yew. Their dark color
Each	branches. The foliage is plump, pointed and prickly is concave on the upper side and of	hardiness, variety of form, ease to transplant adaptability, freedom FROM DISEASE OR IN
2 to 3 ft\$ 3 to 4 ft\$	a shiny blue color. The underside of the leaves	SECTS, has merited them this position. They all do well in the shade. We are using them in
4 to 5 ft\$	are bluish green. For rockeries, around pools, or in groups with other trees.	great quantities for foundation plantings.
BLUE CHINESE JUNIPER (Chinensis Columnaris	12 to 15 in\$	<b>DWARF YEW</b> (T. Cuspidata Nana). A low pictur esque form of much merit. Can be used as
Glauca). The foliage is sharp and prickly and of a bluish green color.	15 to 18 in\$	specimen or hedge when you want a quality plant.
18 to 24 in,\$	18 to 24 in\$\$	10 to 12 in\$
2 to 3 ft\$	24 to 30 in	12 to 15 in\$\$
3 to 4 ft\$\$	PFITZER JUNIPER (J. Chinensis Pfitzerana). The most popular of the spreading types. It lies	HATFIELD YEW (T. Media Hatfield). This is the
	close to the ground and for edging larger	best known of the many hybrid forms. The tre- resembles Hicks Yew somewhat, but is of bush
<b>GREEN CHINESE JUNIPER</b> (J. Chinensis). A select green type that is hardy and good form. Holds	plantings it has no equal.	ier and heavier growth, usually growing with
its green color in winter when other evergreens are dull.	12 to 15 in. spread\$	more or less flat top, with the upper part of the tree wider than the botton, giving it
15 to 18 in\$	15 to 18 in. spread \$	graceful vase form, 12 to 15 in\$
11/2 to 2 ft\$	2 to 3 ft. spread\$	15 to 18 in\$
2 to 3 ft\$	PLATTE RIVER SILVER JUNIPER (J. Virginiana	1½ to 2 ft\$\$\$
3 to 4 ft. \$	Platte River). Substantial Pyramidal form, sil-	3 to 4 ft\$
french Juniper. (J. Hibernica Fastigata). Of decided columnar form and immediately at-	very blue foliage, similar to Burki Juniper. Very hardy and outstanding for foundation planting.	HICK'S YEW (T. Media Hicksi). Decidedly upright forming a column of deepest green foliage, slov
tracts attention. It is slender in habit, Superior to Irish Juniper.	1½ to 2 ft\$	growing and never spreading more than one
2 to 3 ft\$	3 to 4 ft\$	fourth of its height, very compact.  12 to 15 in\$
3 to 4 ft\$	4 to 5 ft\$	15 to 18 in\$
4 to 5 ft\$	RED CEDAR (Juniper Virginiana). An erect col-	1 ½ to 2 ft\$
HETZI BLUE JUNIPER. (Glauca Hetzi Juniper).  A spreading type evergreen, decidedly blue,	umnar form and contrasting hues of light and dark greens, foliage, Purplish in winter, requires	3 to 4 ft\$
rapid in growth, and stands shearing well, making fine heavy stock. Resembles Pfitzeri-	full sun.	MEDIA HUNNEWELLIANA (T. Media Hunnewe
ana, but has the advantages of the blue colored foliage. A new evergreen worthy of your con-	2 to 3 ft\$	liana). Spreading type feathery foliage with lacy tips.
fidence.	3 to 4 ft\$	12 to 15 in\$ 15 to 18 in\$
12 to 15 in\$	4 to 5 ft\$\$ 5 to 6 ft\$	18 to 24 in\$
15 to 18 in\$	6 to 7 ft\$	SPREADING YEW (T. Cuspidata. Jap). Low, rather
11/2 to 2 ft\$\$  GLOBE JUNIPER. A fine rather compact, globe	I DELTATE COMPLETION	spreading type which is usually broader that high, can be pruned to look like a Boxwood
variety with tufted dark green foliage which is	J. PFITZER COMPACTUM. Foliage close and very compact. Other characteristics same as Pfitzer	or made into a hedge if desired. Withstand heat and cold and perfectly hardy in ou
retained throughout the winter. Can easily be kept in bounds by slight pruning. Valuable for	Juniper except foliage is of finer texture.	climate. Can be grown in sun or shade. On
foundation Plantings.	12 to 15 in\$	of the finest spreading evergreens.  10 to 12 in\$
15 to 18 in. spread\$	15 to 18 in\$	12 to 15 in
18 to 24 in. spread\$	24 to 30 in\$	1 ½ to 2 ft\$

UPRIGHT YEW (T. Cuspidata Capitata). An upright cone-shaped plant of medium growth. Desirable for foundation planting or hedge. The most desirable variety of this type.  12 to 15 in\$  15 to 18 in\$  1½ to 2 _ ft\$  2½ to 3 ft\$  3 to 3½ ft\$	WHITE PINE (P. Strobus). A familiar tall majestic native evergreen, grows rapidly as evergreens go, and with its long flexible, light green pendulous needles, proves one of the best trees. Can be used as a windbreak or specimen.  15 to 18 in	COLORADA GREEN SPRUCE. (P. Pungens). San foliage as the Colorada Blue Spruce except the color is an exceptionally beautiful green hue.  1 ½ to 2 ft\$  2 to 3 ft\$  4 to 5 ft\$  KOSTER BLUE SPRUCE (P. Pungens Kosteri). The is the most beautiful of all the Blue Spruce being of grafted variety it is of uniform blucolor. The Aristocrat of the Blue Spruce.
PINES — PINUS		2 to 3 ft,\$
MUGHO PINE (Pinus Montana Mugus). An excellent dwarf Pine, globe shaped and erect branching. It is especially attractive in the spring, when the new growth, which looks like miniature candles, completely covers the bush.  12 to 15 in	SPRUCE — PICEA  BLACK HILLS SPRUCE (Picea glauca densata). Its foliage varies from green to bluish tint. Some are remarkable for their blue color, but all are a bright fresh attractive shade of green or blue. It should not be used in foundation planting, although it is often planted for such purposes. It should be planted in an open area.  11/2 to 2 ft\$  2 to 3 ft\$	3 to 4 ft\$  4 to 5 ft\$  NORWAY SPRUCE (P. Excelsa). The most populo of the Spruce family, as it is easy to transplan hardy and grows rapidly, pyramidal in shap and when used as a specimen it is very fine.  1 ½ to 2 ft\$  2 to 3 ft\$  3 to 4 ft\$
SCOTCH PINE (P. Sylvestris). One of the best	3 to 4 ft\$	4 to 5 ft\$
pines offered. Very quick to establish itself, grows rapidly, its needles are longer than either white or Austrian Pines, its habit more compact, the foliage dark green. Where quick effect is wanted this variety is one of the best.  1 1/2 to 2 ft\$  2 to 3 ft\$  3 to 4 ft\$  4 to 5 ft\$	4 to 5 ft. \$  COLORADA BLUE SPRUCE (P. Pungens Glauca). Selected Blue seedlings, known as shiners and in many instances are similar to Kosters.  1½ to 2 ft. \$ 2 to 3 ft. \$ 4 to 5 ft. \$	WHITE SPRUCE (Pieca Canadensis). A very hard evergreen with light green foliage and similar in many respects to the Norway Spruce, except that it is slower growing in our locality.  1½ to 2 ft\$  2 to 3 ft\$  3 to 4 ft\$  4 to 5 ft\$
	BROADLEAF EVERGREENS	
sorely miss the glossy green foliage of the cheerful contrast they give the dull win evergreens, or in the shrub border. You supply.  BUSH ARBUTUS  ABELIA GRANDIFLORA. Glossy green leaves. Pink flower, blooms all summer. Fine for foundation planting and hedges.  11/2 to 2 ft	this title means. Think of the Hollies and Broad Leaved Evergreen in early spring ter scenes. They may be used around to will be delighted with their beauty all the AZALEA MAXWELLI. Large carmine-red flowers. Broad, compact grower; hardy.  6 to 8 in	g, the deeper colors of Summer, and the
2 to 3 ft\$	*AZALEA MOLLIS. Mixed colors, Yellow, Salmon, & Pink. Slow growth. Imported from Holland.	BERBERIS — THE BARBERRY
3 to 4 ft\$	10 to 12 in.	J. JULIANAE (Wintergreen Barberry). Hard
AZALEAS	12 to 15 in. \$ 15 to 18 in. \$ 4AZALEA NUDIFLORA. Has a deep pink bloom	green erect plant of compact growth with spir glossy leaves throughout the winter. Flower yellow in spring.
<b>EVERGREEN.</b> There are many varieties and colors of Azaleas under this heading. We only list a	in May.	15 to 18 in\$
few of the most used varieties in this section. Orders for Azaleas should be placed early, as stock is usually exhausted before the season is over.	11½ to 2 ft\$	18 to 24 in\$\$\$
AMOENA. Flowers rosey purple, hardy and early flowering.  8 to 10 in	INDICA ALBA (Snow Azalea). One of the very	COTONEASTER
HARDY FIREFLY (A. Hexe). Large, crimson-red	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azale- as. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri. 8 to 9 in\$\$	C. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter. 15 to 18 in\$\$
	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azaie- as. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri.  8 to 9 in	C. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter.
8 to 10 in\$   12 to 15 in\$   15 to 18 in\$	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azaie- as. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri.  8 to 9 in\$  10 to 12 in\$  15 to 18 in\$  * The Nudiflora, Mollis and Calendulancea Azaleas are not evergreen, but are listed under this heading for convenience.  If you do not find sizes and plants to suit your needs write or phone, we will be glad to quote prices on items not included in this	C. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter.  15 to 18 in. \$ 18 to 24 in. \$ 24 to 30 in. \$  C. HORIZONTALIS. (Prostrate Cotoneaster). dwarf shrub with horizontal branches and sma dark green leaves. Flowers pinkish; conspicuou bright red fruit. Fine as a border plant.
flowers. A compact grower. Excellent for forcing. 8 to 10 in\$ 12 to 15 in\$ 15 to 18 in\$  HINO DEGIRI AZALEA. Flowers are brilliant scar-	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azaie- as. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri.  8 to 9 in\$  10 to 12 in\$  * The Nudiflora, Mollis and Calendulancea Azaleas are not evergreen, but are listed under this heading for convenience.  If you do not find sizes and plants to suit your needs write or phone, we will be glad to quote prices on items not included in this catalog due to limited space.	C. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter.  15 to 18 in
flowers. A compact grower, Excellent for forcing.  8 to 10 in	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azaie- as. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri.  8 to 9 in\$  10 to 12 in\$  15 to 18 in\$  * The Nudiflora, Mollis and Calendulancea Azaleas are not evergreen, but are listed under this heading for convenience.  If you do not find sizes and plants to suit your needs write or phone, we will be glad to quote prices on items not included in this	C. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter.  15 to 18 in. \$ 18 to 24 in. \$ 24 to 30 in. \$  C. HORIZONTALIS. (Prostrate Cotoneaster). dwarf shrub with horizontal branches and sma dark green leaves. Flowers pinkish; conspicuou bright red fruit. Fine as a border plant.
flowers. A compact grower. Excellent for forcing.  8 to 10 in	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azaleas. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri.  8 to 9 in	C. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter.  15 to 18 in
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flowers. A compact grower. Excellent for forcing.  8 to 10 in	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azaie- as. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri.  8 to 9 in\$  10 to 12 in\$  15 to 18 in\$  * The Nudiflora, Mollis and Calendulancea Azaleas are not evergreen, but are listed under this heading for convenience.  If you do not find sizes and plants to suit your needs write or phone, we will be glad to quote prices on items not included in this catalog due to limited space.  BUXUS — BOXWOOD  B. SEMPERVIRENS. (Bush-Box). The variety with small, dark green leaves; fresh and glossy. A compact grower, thrives in any soil and does well in shaded places. Can be trimmed to any shape and used extensively for hedges and formal gardens.  6 to 8 in\$	c. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter.  15 to 18 in
flowers. A compact grower, Excellent for forcing.  8 to 10 in	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azaie- as. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri.  8 to 9 in	c. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter.  15 to 18 in
flowers. A compact grower. Excellent for forcing.  8 to 10 in	best of all the white-flowered evergreen Azaie- as. In late spring, carries many, large snow white blooms, which make a wonderful contrast when planted near Azalea hinodegiri.  8 to 9 in\$  10 to 12 in\$  15 to 18 in\$  * The Nudiflora, Mollis and Calendulancea Azaleas are not evergreen, but are listed under this heading for convenience.  If you do not find sizes and plants to suit your needs write or phone, we will be glad to quote prices on items not included in this catalog due to limited space.  BUXUS — BOXWOOD  B. SEMPERVIRENS. (Bush-Box). The variety with small, dark green leaves; fresh and glossy. A compact grower, thrives in any soil and does well in shaded places. Can be trimmed to any shape and used extensively for hedges and formal gardens.  6 to 8 in\$	c. FRANCHETTI. A spreading shrub. Leaves ova quite small, similar to Boxwood. Produces whit flowers in early spring followed by showy crim son berries which are retained all winter.  15 to 18 in

#### **BROADLEAF EVERGREENS** (Continued)

## EUONYMUS — EVERGREEN

EUONYMUS FORTUNEI ERECTA (Wintercreeper).
Large glossy, ovate leaves Semi-evergreen. Sun or shade. Orange berries, Clings and climbs on stonework, or can be grown as specimen for

8	to	10	in	\$
				\$
15	to	18	in	\$
				\$

WAHOO EUONYMUS PATENS. Large leathery leaf. Greenish white and yellow flowers. Early spring, followed by berries.

15	to	18	in	\$	
				\$	
				\$	
-	, ,	_		Ψ	

					una). Very	tine	Fern-lea
foli	ag	e.	Rosy	colored	flowers.		
10	to	12	in		\$		
12	to	15	in		\$		
18	to	24	in		\$		

#### ILEX — HOLLY

AQUIFOLIUM	(English	h Holly)	. One	of the	e finest
of all, with	large, d	distinct	foliage.	Red	berries.
10 to 12 in		\$_			

10	to	12	in\$
15	to	18	in\$
18	to	24	in\$

CORNUTA BURFORDI (Chinese Holly). A handsome plant with shiny green leaves and large red berries. One of the outstanding hollies.

,				
10	to	12	in	\$ 
15	to	18	in	\$ 
18	to	24	in	\$ 

CRENATA CONVEXA (Bullata). Dwarf form with drooping branches and glossy, almost round

10	to	12	in	\$ 
15	to	18	in	\$ 
18	to	24	in	\$ 

CRENATA HELLERI. Grows 8 to 10 inches tall.

				spread\$	
8	to	10	in.	spread\$	

CRENATA ROTUNDIFOLIA. (Large leaf Japanese Holly). Especially glossy round leaves. Very popular. Excellent for hedge and for foundation

piditting.	
10 to 12	in\$
15 to 18	in\$
18 to 24	in\$

ILEX CRENATA MICROPHYLLA. The little leaf Japanese holly tree has leaves 1/2 inch or less in length.

GLABRA. (Inkberry). Native blackberried holly

which	n do	es well a	imost	everywnere.	
10 to	12	in		\$	
15 to	18	in		\$	
18 to	24	in		\$	
24 to	30	in		\$	

CRENATA GREEN ISLAND HOLLY. A new compact form of Ilex Crenata Microphylla with no awkward breaks of upright leaders. Grows from 6 to 8 inches a year. Where low, spreading, broad-leaved evergreens are needed, Green Island Holly is the answer. Exactly right for foundation use, low masses or specimens. Happy in sun or moderate shade, wet or dry location, lime or acid soil.

10	to	12	in\$
12	to	15	in\$
15	to	18	in\$
			in\$

ILEX OPACA. (American Holly). Native Holly,

	giossy loures and	ica berriesi	
12 to	15 in	\$	
15 to	18 in	\$	
		\$	
3 to	4 ft	\$	
4 to	5 ft	\$	

#### KALMIA

K. LATIFOL!A. (Mountain Laurel). A beautiful native broad-leaved evergreen shrub. Its thick, waxy leaves are retained the year round, giving a striking effect. The pink and white geometrically shaped buds appear and expand into beautiful white and flesh-colored flower cups.

18 to 24	in	\$
24 to 30	in	\$
30 to 36	in	\$

#### LEUCOTHOE

L. CATESABEI. (Drooping Leucothoe). Graceful, pendulous branches of heavy shining green foliage; profuse creamy white delicate, fragrant blossoms borne in long drooping racemes. Valuable for planting under trees and other shady spots. Winter turns the leaves to a purplish red tint.

10 to 12	in	\$
12 to 15	in	\$
15 to 18	in	\$
18 to 24	in	\$

#### MAHONIA

M. AQUIFOLIUM (Oregon Holly grape). An ever-green to 3 ft. or more with clusters of yellow flowers in early spring. The foliage turns bronzy

15	to	18	in	\$
11/2	to	2	ft	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
3	to	31/2	ft	\$

M. BEALI JAPONICA. Leatherleaf Hollygrape.

fragrance	. Large cluster	rs of grape-like	fruit.
15 to 18	in	\$	
18 to 24	in	\$	
24 to 30	in	-\$	

#### MAGNOLIA

MAGNOLIA GLAUCA . . . Sweet Bry. Glossy laurel-like almost evergreen foliage. Rich, frag-rant white flowers in June.

2	to 3	ft	\$
			\$
			\$
2	10 (	) II	\$

M. GRANDIFLORA. (Southern Mag.). Large waxy evergreen leaves resembles the Rubber plant.

	Larg	е	pungently	tragrant	blossoms.	
	2 to	3	ft	\$.		 
	3 to	4	ft	\$-		
	4 to	5	ft	\$-		 
1	5 to	6	ft	\$_		
		_	FI OWE	DINIC CU	DUIDC II.	 - 11

NOTE: See Magnolias. See FLOWERING SHRUBS list for other

#### NANDINA

NANDINA DOMESTICA. Semi-evergreen. White Flowers in August, followed by masses of red berries in trusses.

Deille	Derries III trasses.						
18	to	24	in\$				
			ft\$				
3	to	31/2	ft\$				

We stock a complete line of Horticultural Supplies and Garden Gadgets, a Product for every Lawn or Plant care need.

#### **OSMANTHUS**

OSMANTHUS. (Tea-Olive). Small flowers produced in clusters, which emit a pleasing fragrance

HO	IIy-	like	leaves.	
12	to	15	in	\$
				\$ 
				\$
		30		\$

#### PIERIS — ANDROMEDA

P. FLORIBUNDA. (Mountain And.). Invaluable for planting in the shade. Makes a low, compact, evregreen shrub, with small, dark green leaves and masses of white flowers in the spring. A happy addition to the rock garden.

8	to	10	in	\$ 
10	to	12	in	\$
			in	

PIERIS JAPONICA. (Japanese And.). Thick, shiny leaves, turning bronze in winter, with drooping clusters of small white flowers in May. Grows slowly and does best in a moist, partially shaded

place.								
8 to	10	in			\$			
10 to	12	in			\$			-
12 to	15	in			\$			
MAR	RIAI	<b>NA.</b> Dwai	Lea f.	thery	point	ed	leaves.	White
8 to	10	in.			\$			

## PRUNUS — CHERRY LAUREL

10 to 12 in.\_\_\_\_ 12 to 15 in....

P. LAUROCERASUS. (Caroliniana). The Cherry Laurels are evergreen shrubs growing compactly with glossy leaves, deepest green, ornamental, desirable and useful.

2	to	3	ft	\$
3	to	4	ft	\$
4	to	5	ft	\$

#### PYRACANTHA — FIRETHORN

P. COCCINEA LALANDI. A beautiful variety of the evergreen burning bush. Very effective and desirable. In early spring the plant is covered with a profusion of white flowers, which are followed by bright orange berries, these being retained all winter.

		\$
		\$
COCCI	NEA LALANDI	Red Berry Variety.

	ft\$
3 to 4	ft\$
4 to 5	ft\$

#### RHODODENDRONS-W. Va. State Flower

. Unquestionably the most magnificent blooming broadleaved evergreen. The broad leathery foliage alone is worth the effort, while the huge gorgeous flowers add indescribable beauty and color.

HYBRID RHODODENDRONS. We import these direct from Holland. In habit this is the best Rhododendron. Hybrids are grafted plants naturally heavily budded, compact, globe. Its flowers are easily forced, and it is one of the hardiest. Dwarf, Colors; Red, Rose, Pink, Lavender, White.

8	to	10	in\$
			in\$
			in\$
			in\$

## BROADLEAF EVERGREENS (Continued)

RHODODENDRON	MAXIMUM.	This is	the most
familiar and g	randest species	and	most used
for massing a	nd naturalistic	planti	ng of all
native broadled	ived evergreens	. Flowe	ers pinkish
white, in large	clusters in July.		

1	to	2	ft.	clumps	\$
					\$
2	+-	1	£±	alimana	¢.

#### RHODODENDRON CAROLINIANUM . . . Carolina Rhod. Earliest flowering native Rhododendron. It is a fine bloomer, with light to deep pink flowers.

TIOW	ers			
1	to	11/2	ft.	clumps\$
		,		clumps\$
		_		clumps \$

### RHODODENDRONS CATAWBIENSE. Purple flower. Bloom May and June.

11/2	to	2	ft	\$
2	to	21/2	ft	\$
21/2	to	3	ft	\$
31/2	to	4	ft.	\$

<sup>. .</sup> All our Rhododendron are Nursery grown, fine thrifty ciumps, not old stumps as you commonly see dug from the woods, and sold by peddlers.

#### VIBURNUM

# V. RHYTIDOPHYLLUM. (Leather-Leaf Vib.). A vigorous shrub with large, thick, leathery leaves which are deeply veinad. The foliage somewhat resembles the Rhododendron. Has clusters of small, yellowish white blossoms, followed by red berries changing to shining black as the season advances. Will grow in almost any location. A valuable ornamental plant. Very hardy.

12 to	15	in\$
		in\$
		ft\$
		ft. \$

V. BURKWOODI. (Brukwood Vib.). A recent introduction and often called the "Evergreen Carlesi." The glossy, green leaves are retained most of the winter, though most of them will fall as spring approaches. The pink-tinged, white blossoms are borne in clusters and are exceedingly fragrant. An outstanding, hardy variety which merits a place in any garden or planting.

planti		riicii	merits	u	piace	161	urry	garden
12 to	15	in			_\$			
15 to	18	in			\$			

. . . We have Broadleaf Fertilizer. This new soil conditioner and plant food has taken the guess work out of Rhododendron growing, as well as all other Broadleaf evergreens.

... Use Broadleaf Fertilizer on all plants requiring sour soil. Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Kalmais, Hollies, Dogwood, Hemlock, etc.

#### PALMS

... For indoor growth winter, outside summer, in containers . . . All Palms come planted in containers.

					). Admii		
well	suited	for	indoor	and	outdoor	decor	ating
2 4-	2 4			C			

LATANIA PALM. One of the Noblest and most beautiful Palms, Produces abundant fan shaped leaves.

3 to 4 ft.\_\_\_

2	to	3	ft\$
3	to	4	ft\$

We invite you to visit our Nursery whenever you find it convenient to do so. Not only would we enjoy chatting with you, but also we feel very sure that a visit to our Nursery would be mutually profitable. We have a large supply of well-grown stock, some of which are not listed in this catalog due to limited supply, much of which you can usually handle to good advantage—so come see us—you'll sure be welcome.

#### FLOWERING SHRUBS

... There is some place for flowering shrubs around every Home, Cottage, Mansion and Palace. A corner needs a little color, a foundation wall needs to be concealed, a garage should be screened: In all of these places flowering shrubs are adaptable and useful. From our fields this year we shall take the finest shrubs possible to grow, large well developed plants, with good roots, and not by any means like the shrubs sold on bargain counters, which in many cases are of unknown origin; in fact, our shrubs carry several canes and only the smaller sizes can be sent by parcel post, others go by express.

#### **ABELIA**

(See Broadleaved Evergreens)

#### ALMOND — PRUNUS GLANDULOSA

**DWARF DOUBLE FLOWERING.** Double pinkish flowers in early spring.

110	*** C 1	3 11	rearry spring.
12	to	15	in\$
			in,\$
			in\$

#### ALTHEAS - HIBISCUS

**ALTHEA.** (Rose of Sharon). Double red, Double Violet, Single mixed. Blossoms appear July to September.

	2	to	3	ft\$
-	3	to	4	ft\$
				ft. \$

#### ARONIA — CHOKEBERRY

ARONIA ARBUTIFOLIA. (Brilliant Chokeberry).

A useful shrub combining good habits of growth, showy flowers and brilliant fruits. White flowers in early May are followed by fruit which becomes brilliant red in the fall and is very persistent. One of our best berry-bearing fruits Will grow in sun or partial shade but requires ample moisture.

4111	2.0		01313131
15	to	18	in\$
18	to	24	in\$
2	to	3	ft\$
3	to	4	ft\$

#### **BEAUTY BUSH**

KOLKWITZIA AMBILIS. Covered early spring with small pink flowers, resembles Abelia.

2	to	3	ft\$
			ft\$
			ft\$

#### BERBERIS

REDLEAVED BARBERRY—See Hedge.
BARBERRY THUNBERGI—See Hedge.

#### BUDDLEA - Butterfly Bush

**B. CHARMING.** (Big flowering Pink). A glorious shrub, bearing throughout the late summer and autumn elegant long sprays with lavender-pink blooms.

BUDDLEA DUBONNET, (New reddishpurple).

- B. ELEANOR. (New powder blue).
- B. FORTUNE. (New Lilac Plant). Patent No. 206. The best Butterfly bush. Deep color, long stems. Fine cut flowers. Pure lilac with an orange eye in each flower.
- ILE DE FRANCE. Brilliant rich reddish purple flowers, long spikes. One of the best.
- **B. NEW RED.** (Claret-red). Blooms from July until frost. Produces rich dazzling red panicles of flowers.
- B. NEW WHITE. (Pure White). A glistening White Buddlea very fragrant. Very hardy. Blooms from July until frost. Prices for all Buddlea's

18	to	24	in\$
			ft\$
			ft\$
4	to	5	ft\$

#### **CALYCANTHUS**

**C. FLORIDUS.** (Sweet Shrub). An old fashioned shrub with sweet scented chocolate brown flowers nearly all summer.

2	to	3	ft\$
3	to	4	ft\$
4	to	5	ft\$

#### CHIONANTHUS

WHITE FRINGE. Wh bunches in May, in any border.		
2 to 3 ft	\$	

m	ar	ıy	border.	
2	to	3	ft	\$
3	to	4	ft	\$
				\$

#### CORNUS — DOGWOOD

- C. AMOMUM. (Silky Dogwood). Produces bluish fruit in Fall and its purple branches are desirable for winter color.
- C. PANICULATA RASEMOSA. (Gray Dogwood).
  Clusters of white, winter berries on red stems.
  Upright—good for mass planting.

**C. SANGUINEA.** (Bloodtwig Dogwood). Prices for the above Cornus

, ,	,,,,		tor the above cornas
2	to	3	ft\$
3	to	4	ft\$
			ft,\$

(CORNUS FLORIDA-WHITE DOGWOOD) (CORNUS FLORIDA RUBRA-PINK DOGWOOD)
(DOUBLE-FLOWERING WHITE DOGWOOD)
(See Ornamental Shade Trees).

#### CYDONIA (Flowering Quince

C. JAPONICA PYGMEA. A dwarf Japanese Quince, flesh pink flowers in early spring.

15	to		in\$
			ft\$
2	to	3	ft\$

**CYDONIA JAPONICA.** (Common Flowering Quince). Early blooming shrub, Semi-upright, Glossy foliage. Very hardy. Orange pink blossoms.

15	to	18	in\$
11/2	to	2	ft\$
2	to	3	ft\$
			ft\$

## FLOWERING SHRUBS

(Conti	
RED CYDONIA JAPONICA blossoms are reddish.	. Same as above except
15 to 18 in	\$
1½ to 2 ft	-\$
	-\$
	_\$
CYTISUS SCOPARIUS. (Spendulous branches, inearly bare stems of viv. combination in the Amwhen it kills to the graitest and state to the combination of the graitest and state to the graitest and state the graitest and state to	Scotch Broom). Slender
nearly bare stems of viv	vid green make a unique
when it kills to the aro	nerican Landscape, even ound in winter, it renews
its stems again in the	spring.
	\$ \$
CORALBERRY	
(New H	lybrid)
CORALBERRY SYMPHOR Prolific bearer of red	berries which hang on
until mid-winter.	
	-\$
4 to 5 ft	
CRATAEGUS	
C. OXYACANTHA PAULI.	(Paul's Scarlet Thorn).
any other shrub when in	red flowers, distinct from full bloom.
12 to 15 in	-\$
	-\$
3 to 4 ft 4 to 5 ft	
CRATAEGUS CORDATE H	
ton Hawthorn). White	flowers followed by n stay on the tree well
into the winter.	n stay on the tree well
2 to 3 ft	. \$
	-\$
4 to 5 ft	-\$
CREPEM	YRTLE
LAGERSTROEMIA INDICA	(Crepemyrtle). One of
the most attractive Pink, Red and Lavender.	flowers. Colors—White, August and September.
2 to 3 ft	\$
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	_\$
DEUT	ZIA
D. SCABRA CRENATA R Pink Deutzia). A lovely	OSEA PLENA. (Double
Pink Deutzia). A lovely abundance of pink bloo	sight in June, with an
15 to 18 in	\$
2 to 3 ft	\$
3 to 4 ft	
DEUTZIA GRACILIS. (Slen ful dwarf shrub which branches with small rad in early spring. Very ni	der Deutzia). A grace-
branches with small rad	cemes of white flowers
in early spring. Very ni	ce. _\$
15 to 18 in	\$
1½ to 2 ft	
DEUTZIA LEMOINEI. (Lem	oine Deutzia). A splen-
DEUTZIA LEMOINEI. (Lem did semi-dwarf variety, i of white flowers in late	producing large clusters
18 to 24 in	\$
2 to 3 ft	\$
3 to 4 ft	
DEUTZIA PRIDE OF ROCH	HESTER. Lasting flower
tassels in late spring, wing to a true pink. Mos growing Deutzias.	t popular of the taller
growing Deutzias.	\$
18 to 24 in	7

3 to 4 ft.\_\_\_\_

#### **EUONYMUS** E. AMERICANUS. (Brook Eunonumus). Has at-

	pink fruit in the fall, somewhat ing a Strawberry. Foliage colors well in
	ft\$
3 to 4	ft\$
	US. (Winged Euonymus), Brilliant-rose

#### FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell)

2 to 3 ft.\_\_\_\_\_

3 to 4 ft.

. . A charming group of shrubs which are admired for their graceful habit of good foliage and early yellow blossom which precede any new growth. We have selected the best of the

F. INTERMEDIA.	(Border Gol	denbell). A	A particu-
larly hardy Fors			
lar golden blooi	m in early s <sub>l</sub>	pring. Upri	ight.
2 . 2	•		

2	to	3	ft\$
			ft\$
4	to	5	ft\$

**F. SUSPENSA.** (Weeping Forsythia). Indispensable for holding banks and most graceful if allowed to hang over a retaining wall. Decidedly weeping in character, carrying masses of golden flowers in April and May.

2	to	3	ft\$
			ft\$
			ft\$

F.	. 5	SUS	PE	NSA FORTUNEL	(Fortune F	.) A very
	rc	bu	st,	upright-growing,	dependable	variety.
	2	to	3	ft	\$	
	3	to	4	ft	\$	
	Λ	4.	_	44	ď.	

#### HYDRANGEA

H. ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA. (Snowhill Hydrangea). Large white flower heads in early summer. Always a magnificent sight. Good in mass plantings.

18	to	24	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
3	to	4	ft	\$

H. PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA. (Peegee drangea). In late summer, showy conical flower heads, sometimes a foot in length—pure white but turning to pink, then bronze and green. Lawn, or border planting. Hardy.

18	to	24	in\$	-
2	to	3	ft\$	_
3	to	4	ft\$	

FRENCH BLUE HYDRANGEA . . . Produces immense heads of blue.

12	to	15	in	\$
15	to	18	in	\$
18	to	24	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$

HYDRANGEA QUERCIFOLIA. (Oakleaf H.), A beautiful and striking shrub because of the large 8-inch leaves which are 3-lobed like an oak leaf and the great 12 to 14-inch heads of big, white flowers appearing in early summer. The leaves are so big and lush looking that they give a tropical appearance to the plant even though it will stand many degrees of frost. And the first time that you see those enormous flower heads, you'll be amazed at their size and beauty. Must have shade and a reasonable amount of moisture.

18	to	24	in\$	
- 2	to	3	ft\$	
3	to	4	ft\$	_

#### HYPERICUM

H. M	OSI	ERI.	ANUM.	(St. J	ohn's-	wort,	. G	old	Flower.
A	uni	que	low gr	owing	shrub	rich	yel	low	flower,
bor	n	on	slender	stems	from	July	to	Sept	ember.
12	to	15	in		\$				
15	to	18	in		\$				
2	to	3	ft		\$				
3	to	4	ft		\$				

#### LABURNUM

 ABUI	(NI	JM	. (Golde	en Ch	ar	n).	Smc	ill tre	e-like
shru	b	of	Golden	yellow	/	bloor	ns	formed	like
thos	e c	of	Wisteria.						
11/2	to	2	ft		\$_				
			ft						
			ft						

#### LONICERA — HONEYSUCKLE

LONICERA FRANGANTISSIMA. (Fragrant Bush Honeysuckle). Very fragrant white flowers in April, foliage deep green and glossy, almost evergreen. A fine shrub for hedges.

_		ft	\$
			\$
3 to	4	ft	\$

L. TATARICA. (Tatarian Honeysuckle. A large handsome shrub with pinkish blossoms followed by quantities of bright red berries that stay on

11/2	to	2	ft\$
2	to	3	ft\$
3	to	4	ft\$

#### **EXOCHORDA**

**E. GRANDIFLORA.** (Common-Pearlbush). A handsome, bushy shrub that grows well in moist places. The snow-white pearl-like flowers hang on in good size clusters and fairly cover the plant in May and June.

12	to	15	in	\$
15	to	18	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$

#### MAGNOLIA

(See Broadleaf Evergreens for other lists)

MAGNOLIA ACUMINATA. (Cucumber Known native of our mountains, conical in shape and with large glaucous leaves making it attractive. The flowers are fragrant, usually a dull white color. Flowers are followed by elongated green seed clusters which later turn to coral. Very satisfactory.

			ft\$
8	to	10	ft\$

MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA. (Saucer Mag.). All of the Soulangeana type have large tulip shaped blossoms with pink color which extend in the spring before the leaves. A garden treasure

	, 2h		, Deloie	THE ICU	Y C3. / 1	garacii	riedsare
18	to	24	in		\$		
2	to	3	ft		\$		
			ft				

MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA NIGRA. (Purple Mag.). Dark purple on the outside with shades of pink on inside. Flowers later and somewhat

18 to	24	in\$
		ft\$
3 to	4	ft\$

MAGNOLIA STELLATA. (Star Magnolia). Native of the Orient. Shrubby habit with fragrant, semi-double starlike flowers which appear before the leaves. One of the best. Slow grower.

				01.0	٠.	 Dear.	21011	9.0
12	to	15	in	-		\$ 		
			in					
			ft					

#### FLOWERING SHRUBS (Continued)

#### OXYDENDRUM (Sourwood)

		BOREUM.			
		are born			
and A	ugust. Its	foliage is	very	brilliant	in fall.
3 to 4	ft	9	3		
4 to 5	ft	9	;		

#### PHILADELPHUS-MOCK ORANGE

5 to 6 ft.\_\_\_\_\_\$

PHILADELPI	HUS GRAI	NDIFLORU:	S. (Large	flower-
ing Mock	Orange).	Its white	blossoms	in June
are large	and very	attractive.		
2 +0 2 f+		0		

3	to	4	ft	 	 _ \$			
						Oran		

•				t habit, blossoms sweetly scented.
	2 .	to	3	ft
	3 -	to	4	ft\$

PHILADELPHUS, MINNESOTA SNOWFLAKE.
(Patent No. 538.) 6 to 7 ft. New patented Mock Orange with full double, pure white, fragrant blossoms. Plants retain their dark green leaves close to the ground, and are therefore excellent for screen, hedge or specimen. We predict this new variety will become more popular than the well known Virginal because of its vigor and double blooms. Don't fail to try this new shrub. fail to try this new shrub.

18	to	24	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
3	to	4	ft	\$
4	to	5	ft	\$

VIRGINAL. One of the finest of all Mock Oranges. While it produces flowers intermit-tently throughout the growing season, its great value lies in its magnificent spring display. The pure white fragrant flowers are amazingly large, often two inches across, are semi-double, and are borne in such profusion that the branches are weighted down.

DI	am	- 11	ss are weighted	down.
2	to	3	ft	\$
3	to	4	ft	. \$
4	to	5	ft	_\$

#### **PRUNUS**

DOUBLE RED FLOWERING PEACH. (P. Pr Rubra Plena). Profusely laden with double blooms which have a rich crimson sheen. Not a long life tree but inexpensive to replace and creates a brilliant and beautiful effect. A rare

r i	CITI		or your	guraen.	
3	to	4	ft		\$
4	to	5	ft		\$

PRUNUS NEWPORT. (New Purple Leaf Plum).
Deep rich purple-red foliage all summer. Pink flowers. Very attractive and showy.

18	-to	24	in\$
			ft\$
3	to	4	ft
4	to	5	ft\$

#### RHUS

RHUS COTINUS. (Smoketree or Purple Fringe).
A smoky mist of pale purple blossoms in July makes this a very fascinating shrub. In autumn, the foliage is painted handsomely in brown, red, and yellow tints.

2	to	3	ft\$	
			ft. \$	

#### ROBINA — LOCUST

ROBINA HISPIDA. (Moss Locust Acacia Rose).
Foliage resembles that of our native locust, the mass of long, graceful, deep pink flowers in May makes it most attractive. Dwarf shrub

fo	orm		
2	to	3	ft\$
3	to	4	ft\$

#### SALIX — WILLOW

S. CAPREA. (Goat Willow or Pussy Willow). Large shrub that grows in either dry or wet soil, and valued because of its silky catkins that appear before the foliage in the spring. Winter-cut twigs may be forced indoors.

2 to 3 ft	\$
3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	\$

#### SPIREA

**ANTHONY WATERER.** (Bumalda). Compact, low growing shrub. The bright pink flowers are borne in full flat clusters on erect stems in

12	to	15	in.	 \$
15	to	18	in.	 \$
11/2	to	2	ft.	 \$

S.	BILLI	ARDI.	(Billare	đ	S.).	July	and	August.
	Bright	pink	flowers	in	long	spik	es.	

(	6	to	12	in	\$
- 13	2	to	15	in	\$
15	5	to	18	in	\$

**S. THUNBERGI.** (Snow Garland). Graceful shrub with slender, arching branches and small narrow, light leaves which change to shades of orange in the fall. White minute flowers appearing in great profusion in early spring.

11/2	to	2	ft	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
				\$

**VAN HOUTTE!.** (Bridal Wreath). Arching branches covered with clusters of small white flowers in early spring.

12	to	15	in	\$
				\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
				<u> </u>

S. CALLOSA ROSEA. (Pink Fortune S.) Upright, flowers small. Pale to deep pink, blooms June and July.

Ciri		Giy	•	
12	to	18	in	\$
				\$

#### SYRINGA — LILAC

S. FERSICA. (Persian Lilae). Latest to b'oom, rich lilac color.

	TO	3	11,	\$
3	to	4	ft	\$
4	to	5	ft	\$
4	to	5	ft	\$

S. VULGARIS. (Common Lilac). The familiar old

PI	ırpi	е	lilac	that	blooms	in	April.
2	to	3	ft			\$_	
3	to	4	ft			\$_	
4	to	5	ft			\$_	

SPRINGA VULGARIS ALBA. (Common White Lilac). The flowers are white with the same attributes possessed by the Common Purple

Lil	ac		
2	to	3	ft\$
3	to	4	ft\$
4	to	5	ft\$

#### FRENCH LILACS

C. VULGARIS FRENCH HYBRIDS. These delightful shrubs have beauty of form and color; the panicles of flower are larger than those of the common Lilacs, and very fragrant; hardy and easily grown.

S. PRES GREVY. Double Blue.

GEN. PERSHING. Double rich Purple.

S. MME. CASIMER PERIOR. Double creamy white

S. MICHAEL BUCHNER. Deep pink double.

S. CHAS. JOLY. Double Purple red.

			Prices for	all Lilacs
18	to	24	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	- \$
2	to	Δ	f+	\$

#### TAMARIX

AFRICANA. (African Tamarix). The lavender flowers are borne along the branches in the spring, before the leaves. Strong grower, excel-lent for back-ground.

2	to	3	ft	\$ 	
3	to	4	ft.	\$	

#### VIBURNUM

**CARLESI.** Waxy white, deliciously fragrant flowers in clusters. A very hardy variety doing well in either full sun or part shade.

**OPLUS.** (High Bush Cranberry). Belongs to the Snowball family. Bright red berries attracts birds in mid-summer. White flowers in May.

V. OPLUS STERILE. (Common Snowball). The old fashioned variety well known to all. In May the ball of pure white flowers cover the bush.

TOMENTOSUM PLICATUM. (Japanese Snowball). The pure white flowers are borne along the clean pleated healthy foliage, making it one of the showiest and most beautiful. Fine specimen for mass planting.

Prices for all Viburnum listed:

2	to	3	ft	\$
				\$
4	to	5	ft	\$

VIBURNUM OPULUS NANUM. (Hedge Vib.) A dwarf, stubby plant never over 2 feet high, particularly well adapted for edgings and hedges in wet or heavy clay ground where it it is difficult for other plants to thrive. Does well in light shade. Very hardy. Can be clipped or left natural as desired. In either case it grows into a fine, compact and low hedge which requires no care.

			1	
12	to	15	in	\$
15	to	18	in	\$
18	to	24	in	\$

#### VITEX --- CHASTE TREE

VITEX ANGUS MACROPHYLLA. Pale blue Lilac flowers, in Spikes 5 to 10 inches long from Lilly to frost Similar to Butterfly Bush

20	41 y	10	11051.	Similar	10	Dutterriy	DUSI1.
2	to	3	ft		_ 9	5	
3	to	4	ft		9	5	
4	to	5	ft		9	5	

#### WEIGELA

. Hardy free flowering shrub of spreading habit with bell or trumpet shaped flowers, thrives in most soils.

			RATHKE The		red.
W.	RO	SE,	🗛 Delicate j	pink.	
	2 to	3	ft	_ \$	
	· ·		/ 1	rr.	

#### WISTERIA—See Vines and Ground Cover

. . Our shrubs are transplanted and cut back to increase root-systems and bushiness. Don't confuse our shrubs with sickly shrubs offered in many places. Quality more than mere price. Size means more than height.

PEAT HUMUS-A soft, spongy material, 98% organic, some nitrogen content, highly absorbent. Promotes root systems. Mix with soil for plotting. Mix with soil when planting all types of plants and seeds. Use as mulch for all plants. Good for nealy anything that grows. Free folder explaining its many uses and benefits on request. Superior to baled Peat

100	Lb.	Bag\$
-----	-----	-------

#### TREES FOR SHADE, SHELTER AND BLOOM

... When the hot summer sun beats down, you long for the welcome shade of a Maple, an Oak or a broad, spreading Elm, but to have and enjoy such shade and shelter you must plant ahead. The trees are planted in the fall or spring when the weather is cool, however, we can now transplant trees any month of the year by Balling and Burlapping at extra cost. Then the roots take hold, the trees flourish, and in a surprising few seasons the out-spreading branches give the protection you desire. For immediate shade our Big Tree moving equipment handles large trees for immediate effect, prices on request.

on requ	iest.	
	ACER —	MAPLE
quick	CARPUM. (Silver growth and good	Maple). Because of its foliage, this tree is in
great (	demand.	
		\$
		\$
10 to	12 ft	\$
the Su and lo habit o Maple, lawn s parks o mended	igar Maple chard irger foliage. Ro of growth, it is re and retains th pecimen or shad or cemeteries, thi	pay Maple). Resembles acter, but with darker und and spreading in ally the European Hard is character here. For e to plant on streets, s tree is highly recom-
7 to	9 ft	\$
8 to	10 ft	\$
10 to	12 ft	\$
12 to	14 ft	\$
Japane purple- Does b	est in sun.	od dwarf tree with rich summer. Slow growing.
2 to		\$
		\$
4 to	5 ft	\$
ore bri before 7 to 9 to	ght red in winter the leaves.  9 ft	one of the most atmen. The young shoots . Flowers red appearing
	14 ft	
the fol bronze, bronze	liage is of a brig then to a dull g before defoliating	-
7 to		\$
		\$
		\$
. PLAT.	ive deep crimsor ring until the lea	NIGRA. (Crimson King st red-leaved Maple. n purple foliage from ves fall in autumn.
5 to 6		\$
6 to 7		\$
		\$
where to a gr hardy. to inde	HARUM. (Sugar and extremely po eat size, erect, co Foliage is deep gr scribable colors. 8 ft	Maple). Known every- pular. The tree grows nical form, is perfectly reen turning in the fall
		\$
		\$
15 to 1	8 ft	.\$
17 to 2	0 ft.— 4 to 4½ in. cal.	\$

	AES	CUL	.US-	_
HO	RSE	CH	<b>EST</b>	NUT

			A handsome
prized	ighly orno	amental t	long. Much feature. Trees carce.

4	to	5	ft	\$
				\$
6	to	7	ft,	\$

#### BETULA - BIRCH

В.	ALBA. (						
	moderatel	y quick	growth,	eract,	with t	termin	nal
	branches	slightly	drooping	. Bark	almos	t whi	te.
	It makes	a valuat	ole tree t	for the	lawn.		

5	to	6	ft	\$
6	to	8	ft	\$
				\$
				\$

B. ALBA PENDULA. (Cut-leaf Weeping White Birch). Those who know and admire the distinctive characteristics and beauty of the white Birch know it is unusual and do not expect to find it among ordinary listing of popular trees. And as it grows older the younger branches become pendulous. The contrast of Black and white bark are very beautiful.

6	to	8	ft	\$
8	to	10	ft	\$
10	to	12	ft	\$

#### CARPINUS — HORNBEAM

C. BETULA PYRAMIDALIS. (Pyramidal European Hornbeam). A much prized narrow compact, stately tree of columnar habit and Beech-like foliage. It is tough—will tolerate city conditions, transplants kindly and holds its leaves most of the winter. Stands clipping very well and can be used on either side of an entrance.

0	TO	Ö	TT	<b>\$</b>
8	to	10	ft,	\$
				\$

#### CERCIS CANADENSIS

C. CANADENSIS. (Judas tree or Red-Bud). Early harbinger blooming in April, and literally covered with red or pink flowers before the leaves appear. It is a small shapely tree, with large, deep green leaves.

3	to	4	· ft\$\$	
4	to	5	ft\$	
			ft\$	
			ft\$	

#### CORNUS — DOGWOOD

C. FLORIDA. (White flowering Dogwood.) A native tree, well known to everyone. It is beautiful all the year, and there is hardly a woody plant quite so useful. Its blossoms are conspicuous coming early in the spring. The foliage is attractive all summer. Red berries hang most of the winter.

5	to	18	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
				\$
4	to	5	ft	\$

C.	FLORID.	A PLE	NA.	(Double	flowering	white
	Dogwood)	. One	of the	most bed	outiful. Its	double
	showy wi	nite fl	owers	appear	about ter	n days
	later tha	in tho	se of	Florida,	prolongir	ng the
	blooming	season				

DIO	OITH	my	season.	
15	to	18	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
3	to	4	ft	\$

C. FLORIDA RUBRA. (Pink flowering Dogwood). This is not a new or uncommon tree, but one too often overlooked as a means of beautifying home grounds. The common white variety may be better known, but this pink flowering type affords the toveliest display. Our trees are balled and burlapped to insure safe and sure growth. Like the white flowering kind, the leaves of this dogwood color attractively in the fall.

15	to	18	in	\$
				\$
3	to	4	ft	\$
4	to	5	ft	\$

#### **FAGUS**

F. SYLVATICA PURPUREA RIVERS1. (Rivers Purple Beech). The tree for a perfect lawn specimen, with indescribably beautiful purple foliage all season.

2	to	3	ft	\$
				\$
				\$
				\$

#### FRANKLINA

A Rare Exquisite Fall Flowering Tree

F. ALATAMAHA. (Gordonia Alutamaha). Slender trunk and graceful branches satiny snow-white blooms elaborately frilled and pleated. Orange-gold stamens balmy fragrance. Crimson Autumn foliage. Dwarf.

15	to	18	in	\$
18	to	24	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
3	to	4	ft	\$

#### FRAXINUS — ASH

F.	thrives well in	(White Ash). A native dry, moist and alkaline fall foliage.	soils,
	3 to 4 ft	\$	
	4 to 5 ft	\$	
		\$	

#### GINKGO - MAIDENHAIR TREE

G. BILOBA. (Maidenhair Tree). One of the oldest in the world. It is a hangover from prehistoric ages and has no relatives in the plant kingdom. The foliage changes to a golden yellow in the fall. A unique tree which is worthy of a place on any lawn.

3	to	4	ft\$
4	to	5	ft\$
			ft\$

#### GYMNOCLADUS DIOICUS

G. DIOICUS. (Kentucky Coffeetree). Flowers white, followed by large pods which hang on the tree all winter.

the tree	dir winter.
12 to 18	in\$
18 to 24	in\$
	ft\$
	ft\$

## TREES FOR SHADE SHELTER AND BLOOM (Continued)

#### HALESIA

H. TETRAPTERA.	(Silver-bell	Tree). Blooms	with
the Dogwood.			e bell
shaped flowers	are most att	tractive.	

21	,db	-	11011010 010 111-01	
5	to	6	ft	\$
8	to	10	ft	\$

#### LIQUIDAMBAR - SWEET GUM

L. STYRACIFLUA. (Sweet Gum). Another native tree not appreciated. It is not of rapid growth nor especially easy to transplant, but the glossy star-shaped foliage in summer, the brillian color in the fall and the unusual appearance of the young branches with corky bark in the winter are qualities which make it exceptionally yaluable.

6	to	8	ft\$
8	to	10	ft
10	to	12	ft. 2 in. Cal. \$

#### LIRIODENDRON

L. TULIPIFERA. (Tulip trae). Belongs to the Magnolia Family, and is one of the finest native trees, growing to be very large, and bearing tulip-shaped yellowish blossoms. Its leaves are large, and very dark green. Grows quickly after it becomes established.

6	to	8	ft	\$
8	to	10	ft	\$
10	to	12	ft	\$

#### MAGNOLIA

(See Broadleaf Evergreens and Flowering Shrubs)

#### PLATANUS OCCIDENTALIS

P. OCC. (Planetree Systemore, American). A native Systamore which is not appreciated. However, if you want a tree of rapid growth, rugged character, picturesque in winter with its white bark, you should not overlook this grand old tree. Tolerant of soot and smoke, used as a street tree in cities.

7	to	9	ft\$
8	to	10	ft\$
10	to	12	ft\$

#### MALUS - FLOWERING CRAB

The flowering Crab has few rivals among the gorgeous spring flowering trees. They are hardy, of easy culture, and will thrive in almost any soil. They are available in many shades and when used as specimen or mass planting are most effective. Many kinds bear ornamental fruit. No lawn is complete without one of these trees.

M. FLORIBUNDA. (Japanese Flowering Crab). Grows 12 to 15 ft. A small spreading tree with graceful arching branches. Buds rosy red changing to light pink. Fruit reddish and snowy. One of the best.

M. HOPA. (Red flowering Crab). Grows 18 to 20 ft. Strong. healthy tree, rosy pink flowers, Fruit red inside and out.

M. IOENSIS PLENA (Betchels Crab). Grows 12 to 15 ft. Rather slow grower with upright, spreading branches. Its double pink flowers resemble clusters of small roses.

M. NIEDZWETZKYANA. (Redvein Crab). A Russian variety with purplish red flowers, twigs, leaves and fruit. A rather large spreading tree than most varieties. Prices of all Crabs.

3	to	4	ft
4	to	)5	ft\$
5	to	6	ft\$
8	to	10	ft\$

#### NYSSA --- SOUR GUM

N. SYLVATICA. (Sour Gum). One of the finest trees known for fall coloring. It has long narrow, glossy leaves and is rather slow growing. Very attractive all season. Not often offered Nursery grown.

4	to	5	ft	\$
5	to	6	ft	\$

#### PHELLODENDRON— CORKTREE

P. AMURENTE. (Amur Corktree). A handsome corky bark tree with spreading branches, compound leaves and round top. Looks much like a Black Walnut, but has dark berry-like fruit. Rapid grower, hardy and unusual.

5	to	6	ft	\$
6	to	8	ft	\$
				\$
				\$

#### POPULUS — POPLAR

P. NIGRA ITALICA. (Lombardy Poplar). A tall, slender tree of rapid growth, reaching great height and not to be construed with the Carolina Poplar. Specimen often reach 50 feet, with spread of less than 10 feet, and for this reason when trees are needed for narrow places, between buildings, congested lawns, narrow avenues, Lombardy Poplar may be used to advantage, and for quick effect we recommend it.

5	to	6	ft	\$
6	to	8	ft	\$
8	to	10	ft	\$
10	to	12	ft	\$

#### PRUNUS— FLOWERING CHERRY

PRUNUS SUBHIRTELLA PENDULA. (Weeping Javanese Flowering Cherry). As a lawn tree this can hardly be excelled. Its sweeping pendulous branches are literally studded with pink flowers in spring. An ornament on any lawn. Grafted on straight trunks about 6 feet tall.

2	yr.	head	 \$
3	yr.	head .	 \$

#### **PRUNUS**

P. SURRULATA. (Japanese Flowering Cherry). No other flowering tree has the beauty of these wonders of the Orient. As the demand grows our variety list will grow, but the ones named here are the choicest. Like all cherry trees, they are shallow rooted and do not necessarily have to have rich soil in which to thrive.

NADEN. Large double, blush-pink variety. Midseason.

**KWANSAN.** Deep pink, shading to old rose late, very double.

MT. FUJI. Double, snowy white flowers. Very popular.
Prices on above Flowering Cherries.

3	to	4	ft	\$
4	to	5	ft	\$
5	to	6	ft	\$

JAPANESE BUSH CHERRY. Dwarf, Rose, Pink Bloom. Very ornamental.

18	to	24	in	\$
2	to	3	ft	\$
2	+o	4	4+	¢

#### QUERCUS — OAK

Q. PALUSTRIS. (Pin-oak). The most popular of all oaks, Its beautiful glossy deeply lobed green leaves change to gorgeous shades of purplish red and scarlet in the autumn. It is symmetrical, easy to transplant, and of rapid growth. Where a desirable hardwood tree is wanted, we unhestitatingly recommend a Pin Oak.

6 to	8 0	ft.			\$			
8 to	10	ft			\$			
10 to	12	ft.			\$			
12 to	15	ft.			\$			
15 to	18	ft			\$			
		ger	sizes	are	wanted,	ask	for	special
price								

#### SALIX — WEEPING WILLOW

S.	В	AB'	YLC	NIC	A.	(L.	Wee	pini	k Wili	low).	Most
-	far	nili	ar	and	bec	utiful	of	all	willow	s.	
	5	to	6	ft			\$.				
	6	to	8	ft			\$.				
	8	to	10	ft.			\$.				
	10	to	12	ft			\$				

S. ELEGANTISSIMA. (Thurlow's Wceping Willow).
A strong growing Willow, very graceful.

2	to	3	ft\$
4	to	5	ft\$
6	to	8	ft\$
8	to	10	ft\$

**S. LUTEA.** (Golden Weeping Willow). Its yellow color and its hardiness makes this Golden Weeping Willow one of the most popular for garden and home planting.

			are retire prairing.
2	to	3	ft\$
4	to	5	ft\$
6	to	8	ft\$
			ft\$

#### TILIA - LINDEN

T. AMERICANA. (American Linden). Quickly developes into a large-limbed, round-topped tree with huge heart-shaped leaves. Fragrant yellowish white flowers. Good for street planting and lawns with limited space.

4	to	5	ft	\$
5	to	6	ft	\$
				\$
8	to	10	ft	\$
				'

#### ULMUS — ELM

U. PUMILA. (Chinese Elm). Graceful rapid growing, beautiful. As a shade, windbreak and avenue tree, the Chinese Elm has proven to be the most successful introduced of this kind. It is one of the first trees to leaf out in the spring, and last to shed its foliage in the fall.

6	to	8	ft\$	
8	to	10	ft\$	
			ft\$	
			ft.—	
14	TO	17	TI	
			21/2 in. Cal. \$	
			oot\$ and Burlapped \$	)
	2011	Cu	dila parrappea q	

We invite your inquiries as we grow other varieties, too few to list herein.

## SPRAYING AND FEEDING TREES

We are equipped to spray and feed large trees, using modern equipment and scientific methods If your favorite shade tree is being destroyed by insects or is starving, you may need expert advice. Consult us when in need of spraying and feeding service. Shade trees need feeding regularly.

Shade Trees, Shrubs, Fruits and Roses are best planted after we have had sufficient frost to kill the foliage and make them dormant, however, our modern transplanting methods at slight extra cost allow transplanting every month in the year.

#### ROSES

... Many Roses which succeed in the South and other parts of the country do not do so well in West Virginia. Almost every Rose listed in our Catalog has been tested on our own grounds and proven satisfactory and dependable. We have discarded or do not carry many which will be listed and described favorably in other lists. Why spend your money on doubtful kinds when you can buy our "Tried and Tested" Roses.

... Surely everybody loves Roses. The Rose is today, as in past years, the most desired flower of all. Recognizing this appeal and demand, we have specialized in growing Rose plants of choice varities.

... The list which follows is the result of our efforts and represents the "Cream of the Crop." Plant any of them with confidence.

## HYBRID TEA EVERBLOOMING MONTHLY ROSES

Fied Grown

2 to 3 yr. No. 1 Each	\$
2 to 3 yr. No. 1 Per 5	\$
2 to 3 yr. No. 1 Per 10	\$
2 yr. Medium size Each	\$
2 yr. Medium size Per 5	\$
2 yr. Medium size Per 10	\$

#### Two Tone

E. N. Perkins		2	Tone	Pink
Talisman	Yellow	2	Tone	Pink
Pres. Hoover	Yellow	2	Tone	Pink
Hinrich Gaede	Yellow	2	Tone	Red
Condesa De Sastag	oOrange	2	Tone	Red

#### White

Kaiserin	Augusta	ViktoriaWhite
Konigin	Louise	White
Frau Ko	arl Druschk	siTall

#### Pink

Cynthia		Pink
Briarcliff	_Deep	Pink
Antoine Revoire		
Pink Radiance	_ Deep	Pink
Editor McFarland	_Deep	Pink
The Doctor2	Tone	Pink
Picture	_Deep	Pink

#### Yellow

Golden	Charm	Yellow
--------	-------	--------

McGred	y's Yellow	Yellow
Golden	Dawn Golden	Yellow
Golden	PernetCanary	Yellow
	HillSalmon	
Roslyn		Yellow
Mrs. P.	S. Du PontGolden	Yellow

#### Red

Ami QuinardAlmost Black
E. G. Hill Red
SyracuseRed
Etoile De Hollande Crimson Red
Christopher Stone Bright Cherry Red
Red Radiance Raspberry Red
PoinsettiaScarlet Red
Rouge MallerinRed
Thornless Beauty-Amazing! Beautiful Red with-
out thorns—2 yr. No. 1 Each\$2.00

#### Floribunda

Else Poulsen-single-Bright Rose Pink. Ea. \$1.25

## CLIMBING MONTHLY EVERBLOOMING TEA ROSES

#### POLYANTHA BABY ROSES

2 yr. No. 1Each \$	
Red Lafayette	
Golden Salmon	_Orange
Gruss An Aachen	Red
Edith CavellBrilliant	Scarlett
Ideal	Red

## PATENTED ROSES Hybrid Tea

Show Girl	Phlox Pink	\$1.50
Forty Niner	_Yellow & Red	2.00
Rose of Freedom	Red	1.50
Katherine T. Marshall	Pink	1.50
Charlotte Armstrong	Rose	1.50
Mary Margaret McBride	Pink	1.50
Mirandy	Purplish Red	1.50
Flambeau	Red	1.50
Nocturne	Blackish Red	1.50
Crimson Glory		2.00
Peace	Yellow	2.00
Rubaiyat	Crimson	1.50
Diamond Jubilee	Buff Orange	2.00
Eclipse	Yellow	1.25
Texas Centennial	Red and Gold	1.25

#### Climbing Everblooming

High Noon\_\_\_\_\_Yellow \$2.00

#### Floribunda

Floradora	Double Red	\$1.25
Pinocchio Dbl.	Salmon & Gold	1.25
Goldilocks	Dbl. Yellov	v 1.50
Worlds Fair	Dbl. Dark Rea	1.25

### FRUIT TREES AND BERRIES

West Virginia Grown Fruit Trees

... We have given special attention to growing a fine lot of fruit trees the past few years. Our Trees are the finest that can be had. Of course, we know that it was only a short time ago you had to send away for fruit trees of all kinds, as they were not being offered by any Nurseries in this section. We are growing and offering a complete line of Fruit and Ornamental trees. We extend an invitation for you to visit our Nursery and inspect our trees at any time.

#### STANDARD APPLE TREES

- GRIMES GOLDEN—Golden Yellow, flesh tender and crisp. Fall.
- **LODI**—Larger, later transparent. Tree Vigorous. July.
- CORTLAND-McIntosh type, dark red skin. Late.
- MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG—Resembles Winesap in color, flavor and keeping abilities.
- RED DELICIOUS—Extra Red large fruit. Late.
- **STAYMEN WINESAP**—Medium to large size. Red color, flesh yellow, firm crisp with rich flavor.
- GOLDEN DELICIOUS—A bright golden yellow, firm crisp, juicy.

3	yr.	5	to	7	ft			\$ -
4	yr.	6	to	7	ft.			\$
5	to	6	yr.	7	to	10	ft	\$ 1
5	to	6	Vľ	6	to	10	ft	\$

## 2 YR. STANDARD APPLE TREES Heavy

GRIMES GOLDEN

EARLY TRANSPARENT—Waxy Yellow, tall.

EARLY HARVEST—Flash white, tender, sub-acid. Ripens in July.

LODI

DOUBLE RED DELICIOUS—Distinctive in shape, quality. Finest in the world. Late.

POUND ROYAL—Good, old-fashioned variety.

STAYMEN WINESAP

ROME BEAUTY—Large Yellow, with stripes of bright red. Coarse grained and sub-acid.

#### GOLDEN DELICIOUS

iYS	LO	P	FRUIT CRAB-Large, handsome Crimson
5	to	6	ft\$
			ft\$
3	to	4	ft\$

HYSLOP FRUIT CRAB—Large, handsome Crimson

2 yr.\_\_\_\_\_\$

## FRUIT TREES AND BERRIES (Continued)

#### **DWARF APPLE**

DWARF DOUBLE RED DELICIOUS
DWARF EARLY McINTOSH

DWARF WEALTHY

DWARF YELLOW TRANSPARENT 3 10

FIVE-IN-ONE-APPLE. Five varieties grafted on one tree, a useful novelty.

3 yr. 4 to 6 ft.\_\_\_\_Each \$\_

#### **PEACH**

**BELLE OF GEORGIA—**White, with decided blush. Free.

**CHAMPION**—Freestone. Creamy white with a bright red cheek.

**EARLY HILEY**—Large creamy white with highly colored cheek. Free.

**ELBERTA**—Good sized oval. Yellow fruit with red cheeks. Juicy. Free.

**GOLDEN JUBILEE**—Free—Yellow with a distinct blush. July.

HALE HAVEN-Free. Large, Yellow with blush. August.

HEATH CLING-Tender and juicy. Late.

J. H. HALE—Yellow marked with deep red and Carmine. Free.

SHIPPERS LATE RED—Large with deep red blush. Flesh yellow, juicy. Freestone.

**RED BIRD**—Cling, Extra large with a bright, red blush. Early.

2 yr. 4 to 5 ft.\_\_\_\_Each \$\_

#### STANDARD CHERRY — SWEET

**BLACK TARTARIAN**—Heart shaped, rich, dark purple.

GOVERNOR WOOD—Light yellow with red cheek tender, rich. June.

COMPASS——Plum Cherry, Large sweet, cross of Plum and Cherry.

1 in. cal. 5 to 7 ft. Each \$\_\_\_

#### **DWARF CHERRY**

HANSEN BUSH CHERRY—Attractive blossoms
Black, sweet fruit.

2 yr.\_\_\_\_Each \$\_\_\_\_

## STANDARD CHERRY—SOUR—

**EARLY RICHMOND**—Light red, thin skinned freestone. June.

MONTMORENCY—Large, firm, bears young.
Bearing Size

1 in. cal. 4 to 6 ft. Each \$\_\_\_

#### PLUM

ABUNDANCE (Red)—Flesh, light yellow, exceedingly juicy, tender & sweet. Aug.

BURBANK (Red)-Large & Juicy, Aug.

GREEN GAGE-Yellow green. Mid-August.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON—Fruit medium size, of dark purple color. Oct.

2 yr. 4 to 6 ft.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_\_

#### PEARS - STANDARD

BARTLETT—Large, rich golden yellow with red blush. Juicy. Aug.

2 yr. 4 to 5 ft.\_\_\_\_\_

**SECKEL**—Exceedingly juicy, high quality. Sept. Yellowish brown.

2 to 3 yr. 4 to 41/2 ft...\$\_

**GARBER**—Fruit large  ${\cal G}$  fine appearance. August and September.

KEIFFER—Abundant and regular bearer. Oct. Large. Prices for Garber and Keiffer

3 vr. 5 to 6 ft.....\$

4 yr. 6 to 7 ft.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_\_

5 yr. 6 to 10 ft.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_

#### **DWARF PEAR**

**DWARF SECKEL**—Exceedingly juicy high quality Sept. Yellowish brown "Little Sugar Pear."

DWARF BARTLETT

2 to 3 yr. 4 to 4½ ft.\_\$\_\_\_\_

#### GRAPES

CONCORD: Vigorous grower, blue.

CATAWBA: Dark Red color.

NIAGRA: White, Fruit is at its best when left on the vines until well ripened.

2 yr.\_\_\_\_\$

CONCORD SEEDLESS

2 yr.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_\_

#### **CURRANTS**

FAY'S PROLIFIC: Red, wonderfully productive, of the largest size.

2 yr.\_\_\_\_Each \$\_\_\_\_

#### RHUBARB

**RED:** sweet, mildy acid, bears stalks up to 2 ft tall.

Heavy, whole roots Each \$\_\_\_\_\_

Divisions \_\_\_\_ Each \$\_\_\_\_

Per Dozen\_\_\_\_

#### **ASPARAGUS**

MARY WASHINGTON: The Blue-Blood of the Asparagus.

3 yr.\_\_\_\_\_Each \$\_\_\_\_

\$

-11

#### **HORSERADISH**

HORSERADISH

Each \_\_\_\_\_\$

#### **NUT TREES**

CHINESE CHESTNUT: Blight resistant. Big tasty Chestnuts.

3 to 4 ft.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_

**PECAN:** Strong grower. Very large thin shelled nuts.

6 to 8 ft. heavy\_\_\_\_\$\_\_\_

#### WALNUT-ENGLISH:

5 to 6 ft.\_\_\_\_\$\_

FIG: Must be planted in a protected area.

15 to 18 in.\_\_\_\_\$\_

#### BOYSENBERRIES

THORNLESS—Biggest berry ever developed.

2 yr.\_\_\_\_Each \$\_\_\_\_

#### GOOSEBERRIES

**HOUGHTON**—Round, Medium size, dark red when ripe. Juicy.

2 yr.\_\_\_\_ Each \$\_\_\_\_\_

#### **RASPBERRIES**

CUMBERLAND—Black, Large plump & Juicy.

2 yr.\_\_\_\_ Each \$\_\_\_\_\_ Per Doz. \$\_\_\_\_\_ Per 100 \$\_\_\_\_\_

**LATHAM**—Red, free from insects  $\mathcal{G}$  disease, very hardy.

2 yr.\_\_\_\_\_Each \$\_\_\_\_\_ Per Doz. \$\_\_\_\_\_ Per 100 \$\_\_\_\_\_

Per 100 \$\_\_\_\_\_

CHIEF—red, Very hardy, firm and fine flavor

2 yr.\_\_\_\_\_ Each \$\_\_\_\_\_

ST. REGIS EVERBEARING—Red, firm, and meaty

2 yr.\_\_\_\_Each \$\_\_\_\_\_\_Per Dox. \$\_\_\_\_\_\_

Per 100 \$\_\_\_\_\_

BLACKBERRIES	STRAWBERRIES	50 \$
EL DORADO—Vigorous and seldom fail to produce a bumper crop.	GEM EVERBEARING—Large, ripens evenly and	500 \$
2 yrPer. Doz. \$	are light red all the way through. One of the best for W. Va.	1000 \$
Per 100 \$	Dozen \$	OUNCE ORANGE Cod size house become
	50 \$	<b>QUINCE— ORANGE—</b> Good size, heavy bearer, flesh yellow. October.
BLUEBERRIES (Huckleberry)	100 \$	2 to 3 yr Each \$
RUBEL—Large, Fruits late in the season. Very	1000 \$	. , . We grow our own plants. This assures your getting plants fresh from the soil, fully accli-
Bearing SizeEach \$	PREMIER—Spring only, early, fruit large.	mated and suited for this climate.
	BLAKEMORE—Fruit is firm and of good color.	We have many items not listed herein. We invite your inquiries for plants not listed and sizes other than noted herein.
<b>AGE.</b> (Herb). Kitchen herb for seasoning, fine flavor.	Yellow leaf resistant. We recommend this variety as the best spring variety.	CONSIDERABLE REDUCTIONS IN PRICES
2 yr. plants\$	Dozen \$	ON QUANTITY ORDERS.
These Lilies are the very best to b	LILIES e obtained and we know they will please	you.
SPECIOSUM ALBUM	MARTAGON ALBUM	TENUIFOLIUM
Beautiful, snow-white, with a golden green stripe through the center of each petal, and anthers	White, slender stems 4 to 5 ft. high. Drooping, waxlike, white Turk's Cap flowers, yellow tipped	GOLDEN GLEAM
of a coppery tint. Alike in the form of the flower and in the way of growing, this Lily is one of the best.	stamens. Symmetrical reflexed petals, born in pyramid-shaped clusters.	A beautiful, robust and floriferous hybrid of this type, bearing numerous flowers of a pure apricot-yellow. June flowering.
BROWNII	MARTAGON	\$
White, outside brownish, 1 to 3 trumpets on a stem.	Purple. Light spotted purple flowers. Strong growing, graceful, vigorous, and floriferous. 20 to 30 flowers. June and July.	UMBELLATUM  Large, straight, funnel-shaped flowers of burning orange-red color. June and July. Height 2 ft.
CANDIDUM	PYRENAICUM AUREUM	
C. (Madonna Lily). Pure white; delightfully scented. June. Height 4 ft.	Pale lemon yellow, very spectacular fragrant and exceptionally hardy.	SUMMER BULBS  Available each spring. Gladiolas, Dahlias, Can-
\$	\$	nas, Begonias, etc.  Free lists sent on request, giving complete list
HANSONI	TENUIFOLIUM	of varieties.
One of the earliest to appear in spring. Bright orange-yellow, spotted with brown, waxy texture, height 4 to 5 ft. blossoms 2 in. across,	TENUIFOLIUM  T. (Coral Lily). Clusters of re-curved flowers of	We always have bulbs, perennials and peonies
regularly reflexed. June flowering.	brilliant coral-red. Height 18 in. June.	SPRING FLOWERING BULBS
UEL LED COLL LOS LIVERNON		Available each fall. Tulips, Hyacinths, Crocus
HEMEROCALLIS — HYPERION  fine citron yellow, produced in great numbers,	REGAL	Daffodils, etc.
considered the finest pale yellow Hemerocallis. Perfectly hardy, grows in dry, wet, sunny or shady locations. July and August.	White trumpet, outside carmine, one of the most popular varieties for outside and also good for forcing. July.	Free lists sent on request.
		WATER LANCE—The only really practical wa to water Roses, Shrubs, Evergreens and Tree
HENDYI		successfully. A three-foot, hollow, steel spik
HENRYI /igorous, seldom fails. Height over_4 ft, more	SPECIOSUM RUBRUM	that attaches directly to garden hose an allows water penetration to roots six inche
than 20 flowers—Apricot-yellow. Fine tollage.  Does well in both light and heavy loam. Aug.	Rose-pink spotted crimson, Blooms August, 3 to 4 ft.	to three feet deep.  Water Lance, each\$3.50
September\$		
LONGIELOPHIA (Factor Libr)	SARGENTIAE	
LONGIFLORUM (Easter Lily) Pure white, trumpet shaped flowers on 2 foot	Half opened, large white flowers shadowed rose,	
stems. July.	center striped greenish, outside grey violet.	

\_\_\_\_\$\_\_\_\_

#### **PERENNIALS**

This is just a partial list of Perennials grown by us, these are some of the most beautiful and hardy varieties.

ALYSSUM. (Rock Madwort). Saxatile Compactum —Compact basket of Gold 10 in. Flowers Apr. & May.  Each \$	CUSHION MUMS. These are the low growing, round, boll-shape mums. Very hardy and exceptionally attractive in the Fall. Every garden should have some of these. Bronze, Pink, Red, White, Lavender and Yellow.	PHLOX DECUSSATA. (Hardy Upright Phlox). Easy to grow, profuse bloomers, these five outstanding Phlox will make a gorgeous display of color in the garden from June until late summer.
	Rooted Cuttings Each \$	PHLOX DECUSSATA:
ANEMONE. (Windflower). Pulsitilla: 9-12 inches.	April thru July.	BEACON. Cherry Red.
Its deep Violet flowers are first out in the spring.	Established Clumps Each \$All year.	LOUISE ABBEMA. White.
Each \$		GRAF ZEPPLIN. White with Red eye.
	DELPHINIUM. (Pacifics Mixed). Tall.	CAROLINE VANDENBURG. Lavender Blue.
AQUILEGIA. (Columbine). Mrs. Scott Elliott Hy-	Each \$	FLASH. Crimson Red.
brids—Very long spurred. Colors range through shades of Lavender, Mauves, Blues, Purples,	DIANTHIC SWEET DINKE (Desaite) Fire and	Each \$
Whites, Creams, Yellow to Bronze, Red and Blue shades. 3 ft. May and June.	<b>DIANTHUS SWEET PINKS.</b> (Beatrice). Fine and hardy, flowers are double salmon pink. May and	Εαστι ψ
Each \$	June. 12 inches.	PHLOX SUBULATA. (Creeping Moss Phlox). Bright
· ·	Each \$	Rose Pink, Red, White, Blue.  Each \$
ARABIS. (Double White Rock Cress). Alpina Fl.	DICENTRA SPECTABILIS. (Bleeding Heart). Old-	Each \$
PI—Double white Flowers April to June. A very fine rock plant and the sprays of flowers low	fashioned.	<b>PRIMULA.</b> (Hardy Primrose). Veris Martins Select Hybrids—Fine quality flowers and beautiful
growing for borders and edges.	Each \$	strain of all shades.
Each \$	DICENTRA EXIMA. (Cut-leaf Bleeding Heart).	Each \$
ARMERIA. (Thrift of Sea Pink). Cepholotes Rub-	Same bloom ss old-fashioned but blooms all summer.	PVAFTURINA (D.C. A.J. D. C. ). Debissor (C. L.)
ra—Red, May-June, 8 to 10 inches.	summer.	<b>PYRETHRUM.</b> (Painted Daisy). Robinson Hybrids. All shades, 18 inches, May and June.
Each \$	<b>DIGITALIS.</b> (Foxglove). Fine mixture June. 5 to 7 ft. Purple, Rose, White, Yellow.	Each \$
ARMERIA MARITIMA SPLENDENS. Rosy magenta	Each \$	PYRETHRUM ROSEUM. (Hybridum). Red
flowers on 1 in. stems in June, 4 to 6 inches.		Each \$
Each \$	GAILLARDIA. (Blanket Flower).	,
ACTING (D. 1 I Clull) Crimeron and	BURGUNDY—Shining deep wine red, practically no yellow. 18 inches.	SCABIOSA. (Blue-Bonnet or Pin Cushion Flower). Caucasica—Soft shade of lavender. Blooms in
<b>ASTERS.</b> (Beechwood Challenger). Crimson red, medium height. September.	Each \$	June. Stems 15 to 24 inches high until Septembers.
		Each \$
ASTERS. (Alpine). Goliath—Large bluish purple. Dwarf to 8 in. June.	<b>GRANDIFLORA SUPERBA—</b> 2 ft. All summer. Combination of colors.	τασι ψ
	Each \$	STOKESIA. (Blue Moon). Silvery-blue. 18 to 20
ASTERS. (Harrington's Pink). Silvery rose in	Ευτι φ	inches. Blooms July to October.  Each \$
clusters, Sept. to Frost. 3-4 ft.	HELIANTHUS. (Loddon Gold Sunflower). Enorm-	Edch \$
ASTERS. (Royal Pink). One of the best and most prolific bloomer literally smothered with bright pink flowers.	ous Dahlia-like flower, bright Yellow. 5 inches in diameter. 4 to 5 ft. September. Valuable for cutting.  Each \$	<b>TEUCRIUM.</b> (Popular Perennial Hedge). Chamaedrys—Its fresh, green stems rise 8 to 12 inches, can be effectively trimmed without fear of exposing hollow spots. Silvery rose flowers.
Each \$	Each \$	Each \$
	HEUCHERA. (Coral Bell). Mixed colors. 18 to 24	Lucii y
CAMPANULA. (Bellflower). Persicifolia—Blue 3 ft. June.	inches. Blooms all summer.	TRITOMA. (Red Hot Poker). Red and Gold.
Each \$	Each \$	Flowers in early July, rich red tops, a clear cream yellow on a strong, sturdy flower spike.
Euch p		Each \$
CAMPANULA ROTUNDIFOLIA. (Blue Bells of	<b>IBERIS.</b> (Candytuft). Sempervirens—White, 8 inches. Fine for Border, does well in light shade	Name and Associated Street, Charles Charles
Scotland). Clear blue 10 in. June-Aug.	and excellent as a ground cover in front of Shrubbery.	<b>VERONICA.</b> (Speedwell). Incana Rosea—Silvery gray foliage with upright spikes of lovely pink
Each \$	Each \$	flowers in June.
CARNATIONS HARRY CRENARIN (Outdoom Com		Each \$
CARNATIONS HARDY GRENADIN. (Outdoor Carnation). Fine Mixture. 18 to 20 inches. All	<b>LIRIOPE.</b> (Muscari Exiflora). Blooms July and September. Purplish Violet, grows well in dense	VERONICA. (Rupestris). Deep green foliage hid-
summer. Scarlet, Yellow, White, Brown and Pink.	shade. Low growing.	den in mid-summer with clouds of bright blue flowers. Creeping habit barely over 3 inches
Each \$	Each \$	high.
CHRYSANTHEMUM. We grow a complete line of		Each \$
these tall-growing mums in the leading early blooming varieties and can supply most any	LYCHNIS. (Catchfly). Viscara Fl. Pl. June Brilliant rosy-red, 2 ft.	PANSIES. Giant blooming varieties. A fine mix-
color. Call or write for list, or order by color.  Approved Thoroughly	Each \$	ture, that will produce a riot of colors, and so easy to grow.
		Per dozen\$
Rooted CuttingsEach \$ April thru July.	MATRICARIS. (Fever Few). Ball's Double, white,	
Established Clumps Each \$	2 ft. All summer.	Per 100\$
All Year.	Each \$	Continued Next Page

#### **PEONIES**

PEONIES. We grow fifteen varieties of the most popular peonies but due to lack of space, list only these most popular. Large double blooming.

EDULIS SUPERBA. Deep Rose.

MONS JULES ELIE. Lilac-Rose with lighter pink base petals

FESTIVA MAXIMA. Pure White.

ALEXANDER DUMAS. Crown-type, brilliant pink, large compact, bomb-shape, fragrant.

PHILOMELE. Attractive, novel bloom of pink and

PRINCE OF DARKNESS. Deep red, almost maroon. Large Double Bloom. 3 to 5 eye Division Each \$\_\_\_

4 yr. old Clump ... Each \$....

#### FALL FLOWERING IRIS

IRIS. Blooms in Spring and Fall. This two period bloom type represents, in our opinion, the cream of the Irises. Plant some of these for both Summer and Fall bloom. You will be pleased with this marvelous addition to your garden.

AUTUMN ELF. Cream colored standards, delicate lavender.

AUTUMN SPLENDOUR. Rich purple.

D. K. HUTCHESON. Violet Purple.

SEPTEMBER SKIES. Claret Purple.

WHITE AUTUMN KING, Waxy White.

Each \$\_\_\_

#### GERMANICA IRIS:

ALINE. Azure Blue.

LEOTA. Creamy White.

RUBEO. Velvet Red

OCTOBER BLAZE. Brilliant Red tone.

RAMESES. Rose Pink, Buff edge, Yellow heart.

CLARA NOYES. Blended Red and Yellow, early MISS CALIFORNIA. Large lilac-pink, vigorous.

ROSEWAY. Deep reddish Pink, Orange beard.

Each \$\_\_\_

#### VINES AND GROUND COVER

... These are the draperies that nature gives us to cover porches, arbors and fences. To disquise unsightly buildings and old trees, control soil erosion on banks, etc. All the vines named herein are strong growers, some with either bright flowers in summer or brilliant berries in the fall. Use vines freely to make the landscape more begultiful . . . They thrive almost anywhere.

#### AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA

**ENGLEMANNI.** (Viringia Creeper). This is the five leafed lvy that is so valuable for covering walls, fences, etc. It will grow anywhere and the colors are brilliant in fall.

2 year vine \_\_\_\_\_\$.

#### A. TRICUSPIDATA VEITCHI

VEITCHI. (Boston Ivy). The best for self-clinging

2 year vine\_\_\_\_\$\_

#### **BIGNONIA RADICAN**

B. RADICAN. (Trumpet Vine). A vigorous woody vine bearing scarlet flowers.

2 year vine.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_

#### CELASTRUS SCANDENS

**C. SCANDEN.** (Bittersweet). An unusually attractive native vine because of its showy berries in fall and early winter.

2 year vine\_\_\_\_\_\$.

#### **CLEMATIS**

- C. Blue.
- C. Claret-Red.
- C. Purple.
- C. Single-White.

All Clematis: Each \_\_\_\_\$\_\_

#### **EUONYMUS**

E. CARRIERI. A hedge-type of the dwarf ever-green bittersweet. Small leaved type, attractive. Also grown as specimen for the foundation planting.

6 to 9 in.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_ 9 to 12 in.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_\_ 12 to 15 in.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_\_

18 to 24 in.\_\_\_\_\$\_\_

E. COLORATUS. (Purple-leaf Winter creeper).
Unexcelled creeper for sun or shady location, as ground cover or wall cover. Retains its leaves under most severe freezing conditions.

12 to 15 in.\_\_\_\_\_ \$\_ 15 to 18 in.\_\_\_\_ \$\_

**E. RADICAN.** (Winter Creeper). A slow growing vine that adheres to masonry and remains green all winter.

Strong 2 year vines \_\_\_\_\$\_\_

E. RADICAN VEGETUS. (Big Leaf Wintercreeper).

Another evergreen clinging vine of moderate habit, perfectly hardy and especially valuable because of the profusion of red berries that hang on for several weeks.

Strong 2 year vines \_\_\_\_\$\_

#### HEDERA — IVY

2 runners or more \$\_\_\_\$\_

#### HONEYSUCKLE HECKROTTI

T. HECKROTT!. Trumpet shaped blossoms, outer purple, inside pinkish-yellow. Blooms all sum-mer. Rapid growth. Especially suited for arches and trellis

2 year plants \_\_\_\_\$\_

LONICERA HALLIANA. (Hall's Japanese Honeysuckle). A Semi-evergreen twining vine that is so much used for fences and trellises. Controls soil erosion on banks.

Hardy Vines 2 yr.\_\_\_\_\$

#### MYRTLE

MYRTLE. (Vinca Minor). An old favorite trailing plant, blue flowers, dark green leaves, exceptionally attractive. Useful as a ground cover, under trees where grass fails and banks.

2 year plants\_\_\_\_

#### PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS

P. TERMINALIS. (Japanese Spurge). A ground cover, which will grow in all shady situations and the only plant which will thrive under pine trees. Some of its main uses are: Under all evergreen plantings, under all shrubs, for area-way copings, for loggia and enclosed porch uses, for shrub and flower bed borders, for dense shade areas under any kind of trees.

Each	\$
Per 100	\$

#### POLYGONUM

P. AUBERTI. (Silverlace). A quick growing vine with small attractive foliage. The flowers are very small and lacy and when the plant blooms it is a perfect mass of silvery white; there is no other vine producing anything like the same effect. Blooms from August to frost.

2	year	vine	\$
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#### PUERARIA THUNBERGIANA

P. THUNBERGIANA. (Kudza Vine). The most rapid growing, twining vine known, The large purple flowers are sweetly scented.

2 year vine\_\_\_\_\$

#### WISTERIA SIMENSIS

7. SINENSIS. (Chinese Wisteria). A rampant growing, clinging vine. Flowers are in large drooping clusters. Plants that are offered are grafted from blooming wood. This insures blossoms. Colors—White, Blue and Pink.

Extra Fir	ne\$.	
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TREE WISTERIA. These lovely vines are very effective when grown in tree form, much more satisfactory than tree roses. Both Blue and White colors.

Each_	 :\$	

#### HEDGE

.... A thrifty green hedge gives more character and beauty to home grounds than any other fence ever devised. The first cost of a hedge is less than that of a fence; trimming costs less than painting; if the hedge is allowed to grow tall it shuts out unpleasant views and is decorative all the year. In cities, hedge is an effective boundary marker, a wall of living green that protects the world within from the world without. The different hedge plants listed here are adapted to a variety of uses—and the plants themselves are in every way POTTER STANDARD.

#### BARBERRY — BERBERIS

B. THUNBERGI. (Green Barberry). Yellov	flowers in June followed	d by brilliant red berries. Gre	een leaves all summer.	
12 to 15 in			and the real and the real way was the total and the real total and the	\$
1½ to 2 ft	\$	3 to 4 ft		\$ <del>-</del>
B. THUNBERGI ATROPURPUREA. (Red .	Leaf Barberry). Resemble	es the Japanese barberry in	growth, but the foliage	is brilliant blood red all summer,
red berries in winter.	Œ	2 to 2 ft		\$
1½ to 2 ft				
			a many dayah sayah sayah sakah sakah sakah sakah sakah sayah sayah sakah dada dada dada dada dada dada dada	
BARBERRY planted 12 to 18 inches apar	t makes a desirable and	dense hedge quickly.		
	LIGU	ISTRUM - PRIVET	•	
Privet Hedges planted 8 inches apart ma	kee a decirable and dense	hodgo guickly		
LIGUSTRUM AMURENSE. (Amur River I	Vorth Privet). Upright gi	rowing, with olive green leav	es. Hardiest and best hedges 50	ge plant for severe climates.
10 to 12 in	\$			\$
18 to 24 in				\$
2 to 3 ft	\$	\$		\$
3 to 4 ft	\$	\$		\$
LIGUSTRUM IBOLIUM, (Ibolium Privet).	The ideal hedge plant, wi	th the beauty of California	Privet. Its semi-evergreen	n foliage makes it an attractive
all-year hedge plant.				
		10	50	100
10 to 12 in				Φ
18 to 24 in 2 to 3 ft			7	\$
2 to 3 ft	\$	\$		\$
L. OVALIFOLIUM. (California Privet). S	emi-evergreen, with thick		50	100
10 to 12 in				\$
18 to 24 in	\$	\$		\$
2 to 3 ft	\$	<u> </u>		\$
3 to 4 ft	\$	\$		\$
L. SINENSE. (Amur River South Privet).		. We especially recommend	this variety.	
		10	50	100
10 to 12 in	\$	\$		\$
18 to 24 in	\$	\$		\$
2 to 3 ft	\$	\$		\$
3 to 4 ft	\$	\$		\$
MULTIFLORA JAPONICA. (Wild Rose Sto	ock). Much in demand for	hedges. Plant closely, make	es a dense thorny hedge,	practically impenetreable. (Plant
6 in apart).		10	50	100
6 to 8 in	\$			\$
6 to 8 in 8 to 10 in	\$	S		\$
12 to 15 in	\$	<u> </u>		\$
1½ to 2 ft	\$	\$		\$
REGAL PRIVET. Blue Berries, Low spread	ing adaptable to any soi	I and shady places. Widely	used for both hedge and a	as a specimen or in masses.
REGAL PRIVET. Blue Berries, Low spread	ing, adaptable to any sol	10	50	100
2 to 3 ft.	\$			\$
3 to 4 ft,		\$		\$
4 to 5 ft	\$	\$		\$
	OTHER	PLANTS FOR HED	GES	
ABELIA (Plant 2 ft. apart)				See Broadleaf Evergreens
ADDODUITARE (Dient 2 to 4 ft apart)				see Evergreens
ALTERAC (Dient 2 to 4 ft apart)				see Flowering Shrubs
DOVELOOD (Dient 9 to 10 inches enert)				see broduled Evergreens
significant (DI+ 2 to 4 ft enort)				see Evergreens
HOLEVOUGULE Ularight Buch form (Plan	nt 2 to 3 ft apart)			See Flowering Shrubs
HEN CREMENTA FORTINDIFOLIA (Plant	15 to 18 inches apart)_			see broduled Evergreens
ements (DI t 2 ft ement)				see Flowering Shrubs
WHITE PINE (Plant 3 to 6 ft. apart)			was you may take make take take the order take to the order take to the order take the order take take take to	see cvergreens



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